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new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/dbuf.c
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*****
89077 Wed Apr 6 14:26:56 2016
new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/dbuf.c
patch first-pass
*****
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29 */

31 #include <sys/zfs_context.h>
32 #include <sys/dmu.h>
33 #include <sys/dmu_send.h>
34 #include <sys/dmu_impl.h>
35 #include <sys/dbuf.h>
36 #include <sys/dmu_objset.h>
37 #include <sys/dsl_dataset.h>
38 #include <sys/dsl_dir.h>
39 #include <sys/dmu_tx.h>
40 #include <sys/spa.h>
41 #include <sys/zio.h>
42 #include <sys/dmu_zfetch.h>
43 #include <sys/sa.h>
44 #include <sys/sa_impl.h>
45 #include <sys/zfeature.h>
46 #include <sys/blkptr.h>
47 #include <sys/range_tree.h>

49 /*
50 * Number of times that zfs_free_range() took the slow path while doing
51 * a zfs receive. A nonzero value indicates a potential performance problem.
52 */
53 uint64_t zfs_free_range_recv_miss;

55 static void dbuf_destroy(dmu_buf_impl_t *db);
56 static boolean_t dbuf_undirty(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, dmu_tx_t *tx);
57 static void dbuf_write(dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr, arc_buf_t *data, dmu_tx_t *tx);

59 #ifndef __lint
60 extern inline void dmu_buf_init_user(dmu_buf_user_t *dbuf,
61     dmu_buf_evict_func_t *evict_func_prep, dmu_buf_evict_func_t *evict_func,
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62     dmu_buf_t **clear_on_evict_dbufp);
61     dmu_buf_evict_func_t *evict_func, dmu_buf_t **clear_on_evict_dbufp);
63 #endif /* ! __lint */

65 /*
66 * Global data structures and functions for the dbuf cache.
67 */
68 static kmem_cache_t *dbuf_cache;
69 static taskq_t *dbuf_evict_taskq;

71 /* ARGSUSED */
72 static int
73 dbuf_cons(void *vdb, void *unused, int kmflag)
74 {
75     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = vdb;
76     bzero(db, sizeof (dmu_buf_impl_t));

78     mutex_init(&db->db_mtx, NULL, MUTEX_DEFAULT, NULL);
79     cv_init(&db->db_changed, NULL, CV_DEFAULT, NULL);
80     refcount_create(&db->db_holds);

82     return (0);
83 }

unchanged_portion_omitted

285 static void
286 dbuf_evict_user(dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
287 {
288     dmu_buf_user_t *dbuf = db->db_user;
289     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
292     if (dbuf == NULL)
293         return;
295     dbuf_verify_user(db, DBVU_EVICTING);
296     db->db_user = NULL;

298 #ifdef ZFS_DEBUG
299     if (dbuf->dbu_clear_on_evict_dbufp != NULL)
300         *dbuf->dbu_clear_on_evict_dbufp = NULL;
301 #endif

303     if (dbuf->dbu_evict_func_prep != NULL)
304         dbu->dbu_evict_func_prep(dbu);
305 #endif /* ! codereview */

307     /*
308     * Invoke the callback from a taskq to avoid lock order reversals
309     * and limit stack depth.
310     */
311     taskq_dispatch_ent(dbu_evict_taskq, dbu->dbu_evict_func, dbu, 0,
312     &dbuf->db_uqent);
313 }

315 boolean_t
316 dbuf_is_metadata(dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
317 {
318     if (db->db_level > 0) {
319         return (B_TRUE);
320     } else {
321         boolean_t is_metadata;

323         DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
324         is_metadata = DMU_OT_IS_METADATA(DB_DNODE(db)->dn_type);
325         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
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327         return (is_metadata);
328     }
329 }

331 void
332 dbuf_evict(dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
333 {
334     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
335     ASSERT(db->db_buf == NULL);
336     ASSERT(db->db_data_pending == NULL);

338     dbuf_clear(db);
339     dbuf_destroy(db);
340 }

342 void
343 dbuf_init(void)
344 {
345     uint64_t hsize = 1ULL << 16;
346     dbuf_hash_table_t *h = &dbuf_hash_table;
347     int i;

349     /*
350      * The hash table is big enough to fill all of physical memory
351      * with an average 4K block size. The table will take up
352      * totalmem*sizeof(void*)/4K (i.e. 2MB/GB with 8-byte pointers).
353      */
354     while (hsize * 4096 < physmem * PAGESIZE)
355         hsize <= 1;

357 retry:
358     h->hash_table_mask = hsize - 1;
359     h->hash_table = kmem_zalloc(hsize * sizeof (void *), KM_NOSLEEP);
360     if (h->hash_table == NULL) {
361         /* XXX - we should really return an error instead of assert */
362         ASSERT(hsize > (1ULL << 10));
363         hsize >= 1;
364         goto retry;
365     }

367     dbuf_cache = kmem_cache_create("dmu_buf_impl_t",
368         sizeof (dmu_buf_impl_t),
369         0, dbuf_cons, dbuf_dest, NULL, NULL, NULL, 0);

371     for (i = 0; i < DBUF_MUTEXES; i++)
372         mutex_init(&h->hash_mutexes[i], NULL, MUTEX_DEFAULT, NULL);

374     /*
375      * All entries are queued via taskq_dispatch_ent(), so min/maxalloc
376      * configuration is not required.
377      */
378     dbu_evict_taskq = taskq_create("dbu_evict", 1, minclsy whole, 0, 0, 0);
379 }

381 void
382 dbuf_fini(void)
383 {
384     dbuf_hash_table_t *h = &dbuf_hash_table;
385     int i;

387     for (i = 0; i < DBUF_MUTEXES; i++)
388         mutex_destroy(&h->hash_mutexes[i]);
389     kmem_free(h->hash_table, (h->hash_table_mask + 1) * sizeof (void *));
390     kmem_cache_destroy(dbuf_cache);
391     taskq_destroy(dbu_evict_taskq);

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392 }

394 /*
395  * Other stuff.
396 */

398 #ifdef ZFS_DEBUG
399 static void
400 dbuf_verify(dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
401 {
402     dnode_t *dn;
403     dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr;

405     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));

407     if (!(zfs_flags & ZFS_DEBUG_DBUF_VERIFY))
408         return;

410     ASSERT(db->db_objset != NULL);
411     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
412     dn = DB_DNODE(db);
413     if (dn == NULL) {
414         ASSERT(db->db_parent == NULL);
415         ASSERT(db->db_blkptr == NULL);
416     } else {
417         ASSERT3U(db->db.db_object, ==, dn->dn_object);
418         ASSERT3P(db->db_objset, ==, dn->dn_objset);
419         ASSERT3U(db->db_level, <, dn->dn_nlevels);
420         ASSERT(db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID ||
421             db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID ||
422             !avl_is_empty(&dn->dn_dbufs));
423     }
424     if (db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID) {
425         ASSERT(dn != NULL);
426         ASSERT3U(db->db.db_size, >=, dn->dn_bonuslen);
427         ASSERT3U(db->db_offset, ==, DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
428     } else if (db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID) {
429         ASSERT(dn != NULL);
430         ASSERT3U(db->db.db_size, >=, dn->dn_bonuslen);
431         ASSERT0(db->db.db_offset);
432     } else {
433         ASSERT3U(db->db.db_offset, ==, db->db_blkid * db->db.db_size);
434     }
436     for (dr = db->db_data_pending; dr != NULL; dr = dr->dr_next)
437         ASSERT(dr->dr_dbuf == db);

439     for (dr = db->db_last_dirty; dr != NULL; dr = dr->dr_next)
440         ASSERT(dr->dr_dbuf == db);

442     /*
443      * We can't assert that db_size matches dn_datablksz because it
444      * can be momentarily different when another thread is doing
445      * dnode_set_blksz().
446      */
447     if (db->db_level == 0 && db->db.db_object == DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT) {
448         dr = db->db_data_pending;
449         /*
450          * It should only be modified in syncing context, so
451          * make sure we only have one copy of the data.
452          */
453         ASSERT(dr == NULL || dr->dt.dl.dr_data == db->db_buf);
454     }
456     /* verify db->db_blkptr */
457     if (db->db_blkptr) {

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458     if (db->db_parent == dn->dn_dbuf) {
459         /* db is pointed to by the dnode */
460         /* ASSERT3U(db->db_blkid, <, dn->dn_nblkptr); */
461         if (DMU_OBJECT_IS_SPECIAL(db->db_object))
462             ASSERT(db->db_parent == NULL);
463         else
464             ASSERT(db->db_parent != NULL);
465         if (db->db_blkid != DMU_SPILL_BLKID)
466             ASSERT3P(db->db_blkptr, ==,
467                      &dn->dn_phys->dn_blkptr[db->db_blkid]);
468     } else {
469         /* db is pointed to by an indirect block */
470         int epb = db->db_parent->db_size >> SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT;
471         ASSERT3U(db->db_parent->db_level, ==, db->db_level+1);
472         ASSERT3U(db->db_parent->db.db_object, ==,
473                  db->db.db_object);
474         /*
475          * dnode_grow_inblkksz() can make this fail if we don't
476          * have the struct_rwlock. XXX inblkksz no longer
477          * grows. safe to do this now?
478          */
479         if (RW_WRITE_HELD(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock)) {
480             ASSERT3P(db->db_blkptr, ==,
481                      ((blkptr_t *)db->db_parent->db.db_data +
482                       db->db_blkid % epb));
483         }
484     }
485     if ((db->db_blkptr == NULL || BP_IS_HOLE(db->db_blkptr)) &&
486         (db->db_buf == NULL || db->db_buf->b_data) &&
487         db->db_data && db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID &&
488         db->db_state != DB_FILL && !dn->dn_free_txg) {
489         /*
490          * If the blkptr isn't set but they have nonzero data,
491          * it had better be dirty, otherwise we'll lose that
492          * data when we evict this buffer.
493          */
494         if (db->db_dirtycnt == 0) {
495             uint64_t *buf = db->db.db_data;
496             int i;
497             for (i = 0; i < db->db_size >> 3; i++) {
498                 ASSERT(buf[i] == 0);
499             }
500         }
501     }
502     DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
503 }
504 #endif
505
506 static void
507 dbuf_clear_data(dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
508 {
509     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
510     dbuf_evict_user(db);
511     db->db_buf = NULL;
512     db->db_data = NULL;
513     if (db->db_state != DB_NOFILL)
514         db->db_state = DB_UNCACHED;
515 }
516
517
518 static void
519 dbuf_set_data(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, arc_buf_t *buf)
520 {
521     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
522     ASSERT(buf != NULL);
523 }
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525     db->db_buf = buf;
526     ASSERT(buf->b_data != NULL);
527     db->db.db_data = buf->b_data;
528     if (!arc_released(buf))
529         arc_set_callback(buf, dbuf_do_evict, db);
530 }
531 /*
532  * Loan out an arc_buf for read.  Return the loaned arc_buf.
533  */
534 arc_buf_t *
535 dbuf_loan_arcbuf(dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
536 {
537     arc_buf_t *abuf;
538
539     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
540     if (arc_released(db->db_buf) || refcount_count(&db->db_holds) > 1) {
541         int blksz = db->db_size;
542         spa_t *spa = db->db_objset->os_spa;
543
544         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
545         abuf = arc_loan_buf(spa, blksz);
546         bcopy(db->db.db_data, abuf->b_data, blksz);
547     } else {
548         abuf = db->db_buf;
549         arc_loan_inuse_buf(abuf, db);
550         dbuf_clear_data(db);
551         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
552     }
553     return (abuf);
554 }
555
556 /*
557  * Calculate which level n block references the data at the level 0 offset
558  * provided.
559  */
560 uint64_t
561 dbuf_whichblock(dnode_t *dn, int64_t level, uint64_t offset)
562 {
563     if (dn->dn_datblkshift != 0 && dn->dn_inblkshift != 0) {
564         /*
565          * The level n blkid is equal to the level 0 blkid divided by
566          * the number of level 0s in a level n block.
567          */
568         /*
569          * The level 0 blkid is offset >> datablkshift =
570          * offset / 2^datablkshift.
571          */
572         /*
573          * The number of level 0s in a level n is the number of block
574          * pointers in an indirect block, raised to the power of level.
575          * This is 2^(indblkshift - SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT)^level =
576          * 2^(level*(indblkshift - SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT)).
577          */
578         /*
579          * Thus, the level n blkid is: offset /
580          * ((2^datablkshift)*(2^(level*(indblkshift - SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT))))
581         * = offset / 2^(datablkshift + level *
582         * (indblkshift - SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT))
583         * = offset >> (datablkshift + level *
584         * (indblkshift - SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT))
585         */
586     } else {
587         ASSERT3U(offset, <, dn->dn_datblksz);
588         return (0);
589     }

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590 }

592 static void
593 dbuf_read_done(zio_t *zio, arc_buf_t *buf, void *vdb)
594 {
595     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = vdb;

597     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
598     ASSERT3U(db->db_state, ==, DB_READ);
599     /*
600      * All reads are synchronous, so we must have a hold on the dbuf
601      */
602     ASSERT(refcount_count(&db->db_holds) > 0);
603     ASSERT(db->db_buf == NULL);
604     ASSERT(db->db.db_data == NULL);
605     if (db->db_level == 0 && db->db_freed_in_flight) {
606         /* we were freed in flight; disregard any error */
607         arc_release(buf, db);
608         bzero(buf->b_data, db->db.db_size);
609         arc_buf_freeze(buf);
610         db->db_freed_in_flight = FALSE;
611         dbuf_set_data(db, buf);
612         db->db_state = DB_CACHED;
613     } else if (zio == NULL || zio->io_error == 0) {
614         dbuf_set_data(db, buf);
615         db->db_state = DB_CACHED;
616     } else {
617         ASSERT(db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
618         ASSERT3P(db->db_buf, ==, NULL);
619         VERIFY(arc_buf_remove_ref(buf, db));
620         db->db_state = DB_UNCACHED;
621     }
622     cv_broadcast(&db->db_changed);
623     dbuf_rele_and_unlock(db, NULL);
624 }

626 static void
627 dbuf_read_impl(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, zio_t *zio, uint32_t flags)
628 {
629     dnode_t *dn;
630     zbookmark_phys_t zb;
631     arc_flags_t aflags = ARC_FLAG_NOWAIT;

633     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
634     dn = DB_DNODE(db);
635     ASSERT(!refcount_is_zero(&db->db_holds));
636     /* We need the struct_rwlock to prevent db_blkptr from changing. */
637     ASSERT(RW_LOCK_HELD(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock));
638     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
639     ASSERT(db->db_state == DB_UNCACHED);
640     ASSERT(db->db_buf == NULL);

642     if (db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID) {
643         int bonuslen = MIN(dn->dn_bonuslen, dn->dn_phys->dn_bonuslen);

645         ASSERT3U(bonuslen, <, db->db.db_size);
646         db->db.db_data = zio_buf_alloc(DN_MAX_BONUSLEN);
647         arc_space_consume(DN_MAX_BONUSLEN, ARC_SPACE_OTHER);
648         if (bonuslen < DN_MAX_BONUSLEN)
649             bzero(db->db.db_data, DN_MAX_BONUSLEN);
650         if (bonuslen)
651             bcopy(DN_BONUS(dn->dn_phys), db->db.db_data, bonuslen);
652         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
653         db->db_state = DB_CACHED;
654         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
655         return;

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656     }

658     /*
659      * Recheck BP_IS_HOLE() after dnode_block_freed() in case dnode_sync()
660      * processes the delete record and clears the bp while we are waiting
661      * for the dn_mtx (resulting in a "no" from block_freed).
662      */
663     if (db->db_blkptr == NULL || BP_IS_HOLE(db->db_blkptr) ||
664         (db->db_level == 0 && (dnode_block_freed(dn, db->db_blkid) ||
665          BP_IS_HOLE(db->db_blkptr)))) {
666         arc_buf_contents_t type = DBUF_GET_BUFC_TYPE(db);

668         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
669         dbuf_set_data(db, arc_buf_alloc(db->db_objset->os_spa,
670                                         db->db.db_size, db, type));
671         bzero(db->db.db_data, db->db.db_size);
672         db->db_state = DB_CACHED;
673         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
674         return;
675     }

677     DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);

679     db->db_state = DB_READ;
680     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);

682     if (DBUF_IS_L2CACHEABLE(db))
683         aflags |= ARC_FLAG_L2CACHE;
684     if (DBUF_IS_L2COMPRESSIBLE(db))
685         aflags |= ARC_FLAG_L2COMPRESS;

687     SET_BOOKMARK(&zb, db->db_objset->os_dsl_dataset ?
688                  db->db_objset->os_dsl_dataset->ds_object : DMU_META_OBJSET,
689                  db->db.db_object, db->db_level, db->db_blkid);

691     dbuf_add_ref(db, NULL);

693     (void) arc_read(zio, db->db_objset->os_spa, db->db_blkptr,
694                      dbuf_read_done, db, ZIO_PRIORITY_SYNC_READ,
695                      (flags & DB_RF_CANFAIL) ? ZIO_FLAG_CANFAIL : ZIO_FLAG_MUSTSUCCEED,
696                      &aflags, &zb);

697 }

699 int
700 dbuf_read(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, zio_t *zio, uint32_t flags)
701 {
702     int err = 0;
703     boolean_t havepzi = (zio != NULL);
704     boolean_t prefetch;
705     dnode_t *dn;

707     /*
708      * We don't have to hold the mutex to check db_state because it
709      * can't be freed while we have a hold on the buffer.
710      */
711     ASSERT(!refcount_is_zero(&db->db_holds));

713     if (db->db_state == DB_NOFILL)
714         return (SET_ERROR(EIO));

716     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
717     dn = DB_DNODE(db);
718     if ((flags & DB_RF_HAVESTRUCT) == 0)
719         rw_enter(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock, RW_READER);

721     prefetch = db->db_level == 0 && db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID &&
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722     (flags & DB_RF_NOPREFETCH) == 0 && dn != NULL &&
723     DBUF_IS_CACHEABLE(db);
724
725     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
726     if (db->db_state == DB_CACHED) {
727         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
728         if (prefetch)
729             dmu_zfetch(&dn->dn_zfetch, db->db_blkid, 1);
730         if ((flags & DB_RF_HAVESTRUCT) == 0)
731             rw_exit(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock);
732         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
733     } else if (db->db_state == DB_UNCACHED) {
734         spa_t *spa = dn->dn_objset->os_spa;
735
736         if (zio == NULL)
737             zio = zio_root(spa, NULL, NULL, ZIO_FLAG_CANFAIL);
738         dbuf_read_impl(db, zio, flags);
739
740         /* dbuf_read_impl has dropped db_mtx for us */
741
742         if (prefetch)
743             dmu_zfetch(&dn->dn_zfetch, db->db_blkid, 1);
744
745         if ((flags & DB_RF_HAVESTRUCT) == 0)
746             rw_exit(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock);
747         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
748
749         if (!havepzio)
750             err = zio_wait(zio);
751     } else {
752         /*
753          * Another reader came in while the dbuf was in flight
754          * between UNCACHED and CACHED. Either a writer will finish
755          * writing the buffer (sending the dbuf to CACHED) or the
756          * first reader's request will reach the read_done callback
757          * and send the dbuf to CACHED. Otherwise, a failure
758          * occurred and the dbuf went to UNCACHED.
759         */
760         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
761         if (prefetch)
762             dmu_zfetch(&dn->dn_zfetch, db->db_blkid, 1);
763         if ((flags & DB_RF_HAVESTRUCT) == 0)
764             rw_exit(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock);
765         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
766
767         /* Skip the wait per the caller's request. */
768         mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
769         if ((flags & DB_RF_NEVERWAIT) == 0) {
770             while (db->db_state == DB_READ || 
771                   db->db_state == DB_FILL) {
772                 ASSERT(db->db_state == DB_READ ||
773                       (flags & DB_RF_HAVESTRUCT) == 0);
774                 DTRACE_PROBE2(blocked_read, dmuf_buf_impl_t *,
775                               db, zio_t *, zio);
776                 cv_wait(&db->db_changed, &db->db_mtx);
777             }
778             if (db->db_state == DB_UNCACHED)
779                 err = SET_ERROR(EIO);
780         }
781         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
782     }
783
784     ASSERT(err || havepzio || db->db_state == DB_CACHED);
785     return (err);
786 }
```

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788 static void
789 dbuf_noread(dmuf_buf_impl_t *db)
790 {
791     ASSERT(!refcount_is_zero(&db->db_holds));
792     ASSERT(db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
793     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
794     while (db->db_state == DB_READ || db->db_state == DB_FILL)
795         cv_wait(&db->db_changed, &db->db_mtx);
796     if (db->db_state == DB_UNCACHED) {
797         arc_buf_contents_t type = DBUF_GET_BUFC_TYPE(db);
798         spa_t *spa = db->db_objset->os_spa;
799
800         ASSERT(db->db_buf == NULL);
801         ASSERT(db->db.db_data == NULL);
802         dbuf_set_data(db, arc_buf_alloc(spa, db->db.db_size, db, type));
803         db->db_state = DB_FILL;
804     } else if (db->db_state == DB_NOFILL) {
805         dbuf_clear_data(db);
806     } else {
807         ASSERT3U(db->db_state, ==, DB_CACHED);
808     }
809     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
810 }
811 /*
812  * This is our just-in-time copy function. It makes a copy of
813  * buffers, that have been modified in a previous transaction
814  * group, before we modify them in the current active group.
815  *
816  * This function is used in two places: when we are dirtying a
817  * buffer for the first time in a txg, and when we are freeing
818  * a range in a dnode that includes this buffer.
819  *
820  * Note that when we are called from dbuf_free_range() we do
821  * not put a hold on the buffer, we just traverse the active
822  * dbuf list for the dnode.
823 */
824 static void
825 dbuf_fix_old_data(dmuf_buf_impl_t *db, uint64_t txg)
826 {
827     dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr = db->db_last_dirty;
828
829     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
830     ASSERT(db->db.db_data != NULL);
831     ASSERT(db->db_level == 0);
832     ASSERT(db->db.db_object != DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT);
833
834     if (dr == NULL ||
835         (dr->dt.dl.dr_data !=
836          ((db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID) ? db->db.db_data : db->db_buf)))
837         return;
838
839     /*
840      * If the last dirty record for this dbuf has not yet synced
841      * and its referencing the dbuf data, either:
842      *   * reset the reference to point to a new copy,
843      *   * or (if there are no active holders)
844      *     just null out the current db_data pointer.
845      */
846     ASSERT(dr->dr_txg >= txg - 2);
847     if (db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID) {
848         /* Note that the data bufs here are zio_bufs */
849         dr->dt.dl.dr_data = zio_buf_alloc(DN_MAX_BONUSLEN);
850         arc_space_consume(DN_MAX_BONUSLEN, ARC_SPACE_OTHER);
851         bcopy(db->db.db_data, dr->dt.dl.dr_data, DN_MAX_BONUSLEN);
852     } else if (refcount_count(&db->db_holds) > db->db_dirtycnt) {
```

```

854     int size = db->db.db_size;
855     arc_buf_contents_t type = DBUF_GET_BUFC_TYPE(db);
856     spa_t *spa = db->db_objset->os_spa;
857
858     dr->dt.dl.dr_data = arc_buf_alloc(spa, size, db, type);
859     bcopy(db->db.db_data, dr->dt.dl.dr_data->b_data, size);
860 } else {
861     dbuf_clear_data(db);
862 }
863 }
864
865 void
866 dbuf_unoverride(dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr)
867 {
868     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = dr->drdbuf;
869     blkptr_t *bp = &dr->dt.dl.dr_overridden_by;
870     uint64_t txg = dr->dr_txg;
871
872     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
873     ASSERT(dr->dt.dl.dr_override_state != DR_IN_DMU_SYNC);
874     ASSERT(db->db_level == 0);
875
876     if (db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID ||
877         dr->dt.dl.dr_override_state == DR_NOT_OVERRIDDEN)
878         return;
879
880     ASSERT(db->db_data_pending != dr);
881
882     /* free this block */
883     if (!BP_IS_HOLE(bp) && !dr->dt.dl.dr_nopwrite)
884         zio_free(db->db_objset->os_spa, txg, bp);
885
886     dr->dt.dl.dr_override_state = DR_NOT_OVERRIDDEN;
887     dr->dt.dl.dr_nopwrite = B_FALSE;
888
889     /*
890      * Release the already-written buffer, so we leave it in
891      * a consistent dirty state. Note that all callers are
892      * modifying the buffer, so they will immediately do
893      * another (redundant) arc_release(). Therefore, leave
894      * the buf thawed to save the effort of freezing &
895      * immediately re-thawing it.
896     */
897     arc_release(dr->dt.dl.dr_data, db);
898 }
899
900 /*
901  * Evict (if its unreferenced) or clear (if its referenced) any level-0
902  * data blocks in the free range, so that any future readers will find
903  * empty blocks.
904  *
905  * This is a no-op if the dataset is in the middle of an incremental
906  * receive; see comment below for details.
907 */
908 void
909 dbuf_free_range(dnode_t *dn, uint64_t start_blkid, uint64_t end_blkid,
910                  dmu_tx_t *tx)
911 {
912     dmu_buf_impl_t db_search;
913     dmu_buf_impl_t *db, *db_next;
914     uint64_t txg = tx->tx_txg;
915     avl_index_t where;
916
917     if (end_blkid > dn->dn_maxblkid && (end_blkid != DMU_SPILL_BLKID))
918         end_blkid = dn->dn_maxblkid;
919     dprintf_dnode(dn, "start=%llu end=%llu\n", start_blkid, end_blkid);

```

```

921     db_search.db_level = 0;
922     db_search.db_blkid = start_blkid;
923     db_search.db_state = DB_SEARCH;
924
925     mutex_enter(&dn->dn_dbufs_mtx);
926     if (start_blkid >= dn->dn_unlisted_l0_blkid) {
927         /* There can't be any dbufs in this range; no need to search. */
928 #ifdef DEBUG
929         db = avl_find(&dn->dn_dbufs, &db_search, &where);
930         ASSERT3P(db, ==, NULL);
931         db = avl_nearest(&dn->dn_dbufs, where, AVL_AFTER);
932         ASSERT(db == NULL || db->db_level > 0);
933 #endif
934         mutex_exit(&dn->dn_dbufs_mtx);
935         return;
936     } else if (dmu_objset_is_receiving(dn->dn_objset)) {
937         /*
938          * If we are receiving, we expect there to be no dbufs in
939          * the range to be freed, because receive modifies each
940          * block at most once, and in offset order. If this is
941          * not the case, it can lead to performance problems,
942          * so note that we unexpectedly took the slow path.
943         */
944         atomic_inc_64(&zfs_free_range_recv_miss);
945     }
946
947     db = avl_find(&dn->dn_dbufs, &db_search, &where);
948     ASSERT3P(db, ==, NULL);
949     db = avl_nearest(&dn->dn_dbufs, where, AVL_AFTER);
950
951     for (; db != NULL; db = db_next) {
952         db_next = AVL_NEXT(&dn->dn_dbufs, db);
953         ASSERT(db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
954
955         if (db->db_level != 0 || db->db_blkid > end_blkid) {
956             break;
957         }
958         ASSERT3U(db->db_blkid, >=, start_blkid);
959
960         /* found a level 0 buffer in the range */
961         mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
962         if (dbuf_undirty(db, tx)) {
963             /* mutex has been dropped and dbuf destroyed */
964             continue;
965         }
966
967         if (db->db_state == DB_UNCACHED ||
968             db->db_state == DB_NOFILL ||
969             db->db_state == DB_EVICTING) {
970             ASSERT(db->db.db_data == NULL);
971             mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
972             continue;
973         }
974         if (db->db_state == DB_READ || db->db_state == DB_FILL) {
975             /* will be handled in dbuf_read_done or dbuf_rele */
976             db->db_freed_in_flight = TRUE;
977             mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
978             continue;
979         }
980         if (refcount_count(&db->db_holds) == 0) {
981             ASSERT(db->db_buf);
982             dbuf_clear(db);
983             continue;
984         }
985     }
986     /* The dbuf is referenced */

```

```

987         if (db->db_last_dirty != NULL) {
988             dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr = db->db_last_dirty;
989
990             if (dr->dr_txg == txg) {
991                 /*
992                  * This buffer is "in-use", re-adjust the file
993                  * size to reflect that this buffer may
994                  * contain new data when we sync.
995                 */
996                 if (db->db_blkid != DMU_SPILL_BLKID &&
997                     db->db_blkid > dn->dn_maxblkid)
998                     dn->dn_maxblkid = db->db_blkid;
999                 dbuf_unoverride(dr);
1000
1001             } else {
1002                 /*
1003                  * This dbuf is not dirty in the open context.
1004                  * Either uncache it (if its not referenced in
1005                  * the open context) or reset its contents to
1006                  * empty.
1007                 */
1008                 dbuf_fix_old_data(db, txg);
1009
1010             /* clear the contents if its cached */
1011             if (db->db_state == DB_CACHED) {
1012                 ASSERT(db->db.db_data != NULL);
1013                 arc_release(db->db_buf, db);
1014                 bzero(db->db.db_data, db->db.db_size);
1015                 arc_buf_freeze(db->db_buf);
1016             }
1017
1018             mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
1019         }
1020         mutex_exit(&dn->dn_dbufs_mtx);
1021     }
1022
1023 static int
1024 dbuf_block_freeable(dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
1025 {
1026     dsl_dataset_t *ds = db->db_objset->os_dsl_dataset;
1027     uint64_t birth_txg = 0;
1028
1029     /*
1030      * We don't need any locking to protect db_blkptr:
1031      * If it's syncing, then db_last_dirty will be set
1032      * so we'll ignore db_blkptr.
1033      *
1034      * This logic ensures that only block births for
1035      * filled blocks are considered.
1036      */
1037     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
1038     if (db->db_last_dirty && (db->db_blkptr == NULL ||
1039         !BP_IS_HOLE(db->db_blkptr))) {
1040         birth_txg = db->db_last_dirty->dr_txg;
1041     } else if (db->db_blkptr != NULL && !BP_IS_HOLE(db->db_blkptr)) {
1042         birth_txg = db->db_blkptr->blk_birth;
1043     }
1044
1045     /*
1046      * If this block don't exist or is in a snapshot, it can't be freed.
1047      * Don't pass the bp to dsl_dataset_block_freeable() since we
1048      * are holding the db_mtx lock and might deadlock if we are
1049      * prefetching a dedup-ed block.
1050      */
1051     if (birth_txg != 0)

```

```

1052             return (ds == NULL ||
1053                     dsl_dataset_block_freeable(ds, NULL, birth_txg));
1054         else
1055             return (B_FALSE);
1056     }
1057
1058 void
1059 dbuf_new_size(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, int size, dmux_tx_t *tx)
1060 {
1061     arc_buf_t *buf, *obuf;
1062     int osize = db->db.db_size;
1063     arc_buf_contents_t type = DBUF_GET_BUFC_TYPE(db);
1064     dnode_t *dn;
1065
1066     ASSERT(db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
1067
1068     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
1069     dn = DB_DNODE(db);
1070
1071     /* XXX does *this* func really need the lock? */
1072     ASSERT(RW_WRITE_HELD(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock));
1073
1074     /*
1075      * This call to dmux_buf_will_dirty() with the dn_struct_rwlock held
1076      * is OK, because there can be no other references to the db
1077      * when we are changing its size, so no concurrent DB_FILL can
1078      * be happening.
1079     */
1080
1081     /*
1082      * XXX we should be doing a dbuf_read, checking the return
1083      * value and returning that up to our callers
1084     */
1085     dmux_buf_will_dirty(&db->db, tx);
1086
1087     /* create the data buffer for the new block */
1088     buf = arc_buf_alloc(dn->dn_objset->os_spa, size, db, type);
1089
1090     /* copy old block data to the new block */
1091     obuf = db->db_buf;
1092     bcopy(obuf->b_data, buf->b_data, MIN(osize, size));
1093     /* zero the remainder */
1094     if (size > osize)
1095         bzero((uint8_t *)buf->b_data + osize, size - osize);
1096
1097     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
1098     dbuf_set_data(db, buf);
1099     VERIFY(arc_buf_remove_ref(obuf, db));
1100     db->db.db_size = size;
1101
1102     if (db->db_level == 0) {
1103         ASSERT3U(db->db_last_dirty->dr_txg, ==, tx->tx_txg);
1104         db->db_last_dirty->dt.dl.dr_data = buf;
1105     }
1106     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
1107
1108     dnode_willuse_space(dn, size - osize, tx);
1109
1110
1111 void
1112 dbuf_release_bp(dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
1113 {
1114     objset_t *os = db->db_objset;
1115
1116     ASSERT(dsl_pool_sync_context(dmux_objset_pool(os)));
1117     ASSERT(arc_released(os->os_phys_buf) ||
```

```

1118     list_link_active(&os->os_dsl_dataset->ds_synced_link));
1119     ASSERT(db->db_parent == NULL || arc_released(db->db_parent->db_buf));
1120 
1121     (void) arc_release(db->db_buf, db);
1122 }
1123 
1124 /*
1125  * We already have a dirty record for this TXG, and we are being
1126  * dirtied again.
1127 */
1128 static void
1129 dbuf_redirty(dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr)
1130 {
1131     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = dr->drdbuf;
1132 
1133     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
1134 
1135     if (db->db_level == 0 && db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID) {
1136         /*
1137          * If this buffer has already been written out,
1138          * we now need to reset its state.
1139         */
1140         dbuf_unoverride(dr);
1141         if (db->db_object != DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT &&
1142             db->db_state != DB_NOFILL) {
1143             /* Already released on initial dirty, so just thaw. */
1144             ASSERT(arc_released(db->db_buf));
1145             arc_buf_thaw(db->db_buf);
1146         }
1147     }
1148 }
1149 
1150 dbuf_dirty_record_t *
1151 dbuf_dirty(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, dmu_tx_t *tx)
1152 {
1153     dnode_t *dn;
1154     objset_t *os;
1155     dbuf_dirty_record_t **drp, *dr;
1156     int drop_struct_lock = FALSE;
1157     boolean_t do_free_accounting = B_FALSE;
1158     int txgoff = tx->tx_txg & TXG_MASK;
1159 
1160     ASSERT(tx->tx_txg != 0);
1161     ASSERT(!refcount_is_zero(&db->db_holds));
1162     DMU_TX_DIRTY_BUF(tx, db);
1163 
1164     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
1165     dn = DB_DNODE(db);
1166     /*
1167      * Shouldn't dirty a regular buffer in syncing context. Private
1168      * objects may be dirtied in syncing context, but only if they
1169      * were already pre-dirtied in open context.
1170     */
1171     ASSERT(!dmu_tx_is_syncing(tx) ||
1172            BP_IS_HOLE(dn->dn_objset->os_rootbp) ||
1173            DMU_OBJECT_IS_SPECIAL(dn->dn_object) ||
1174            dn->dn_objset->os_dsl_dataset == NULL);
1175 
1176     /*
1177      * We make this assert for private objects as well, but after we
1178      * check if we're already dirty. They are allowed to re-dirty
1179      * in syncing context.
1180     */
1181     ASSERT(dn->dn_object == DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT ||
1182            dn->dn_dirtyctx == DN_UNDIRTIED || dn->dn_dirtyctx ==
1183            (dmu_tx_is_syncing(tx) ? DN_DIRTY_SYNC : DN_DIRTY_OPEN));

```

```

1184     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
1185     /*
1186      * XXX make this true for indirects too? The problem is that
1187      * transactions created with dmu_tx_create_assigned() from
1188      * syncing context don't bother holding ahead.
1189     */
1190     ASSERT(db->db_level != 0 ||
1191            db->db_state == DB_CACHED || db->db_state == DB_FILL ||
1192            db->db_state == DB_NOFILL);
1193 
1194     mutex_enter(&dn->dn_mtx);
1195     /*
1196      * Don't set dirtyctx to SYNC if we're just modifying this as we
1197      * initialize the objset.
1198     */
1199     if (dn->dn_dirtyctx == DN_UNDIRTIED &&
1200         !BP_IS_HOLE(dn->dn_objset->os_rootbp)) {
1201         dn->dn_dirtyctx =
1202             (dmu_tx_is_syncing(tx) ? DN_DIRTY_SYNC : DN_DIRTY_OPEN);
1203         ASSERT(dn->dn_dirtyctx_firstset == NULL);
1204         dn->dn_dirtyctx_firstset = kmalloc(1, KM_SLEEP);
1205     }
1206     mutex_exit(&dn->dn_mtx);
1207 
1208     if (db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID)
1209         dn->dn_have_spill = B_TRUE;
1210 
1211     /*
1212      * If this buffer is already dirty, we're done.
1213     */
1214     drp = &db->db_last_dirty;
1215     ASSERT(*drp == NULL || (*drp)->dr_txg <= tx->tx_txg ||
1216            db->db_object == DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT);
1217     while ((dr = *drp) != NULL && dr->dr_txg > tx->tx_txg)
1218         drp = &dr->dr_next;
1219     if (dr && dr->dr_txg == tx->tx_txg) {
1220         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
1221 
1222         dbuf_redirty(dr);
1223         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
1224         return (dr);
1225     }
1226 
1227     /*
1228      * Only valid if not already dirty.
1229     */
1230     ASSERT(dn->dn_object == 0 ||
1231            dn->dn_dirtyctx == DN_UNDIRTIED || dn->dn_dirtyctx ==
1232            (dmu_tx_is_syncing(tx) ? DN_DIRTY_SYNC : DN_DIRTY_OPEN));
1233 
1234     ASSERT3U(dn->dn_nlevels, >, db->db_level);
1235     ASSERT((dn->dn_phys->dn_nlevels == 0 && db->db_level == 0) ||
1236            dn->dn_phys->dn_nlevels > db->db_level ||
1237            dn->dn_next_nlevels[txgoff] > db->db_level ||
1238            dn->dn_next_nlevels[(tx->tx_txg-1) & TXG_MASK] > db->db_level ||
1239            dn->dn_next_nlevels[(tx->tx_txg-2) & TXG_MASK] > db->db_level);
1240 
1241     /*
1242      * We should only be dirtying in syncing context if it's the
1243      * mos or we're initializing the os or it's a special object.
1244      * However, we are allowed to dirty in syncing context provided
1245      * we already dirtied it in open context. Hence we must make
1246      * this assertion only if we're not already dirty.
1247     */
1248     os = dn->dn_objset;
1249     ASSERT(!dmu_tx_is_syncing(tx) || DMU_OBJECT_IS_SPECIAL(dn->dn_object) ||

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```

1250     os->os_dsl_dataset == NULL || BP_IS_HOLE(os->os_rootbp));
1251     ASSERT(db->db.db_size != 0);
1253     dprintf_dbuf(db, "size=%llx\n", (u_longlong_t)db->db.db_size);
1255     if (db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID) {
1256         /*
1257         * Update the accounting.
1258         * Note: we delay "free accounting" until after we drop
1259         * the db_mtx. This keeps us from grabbing other locks
1260         * (and possibly deadlocking) in bp_get_dsize() while
1261         * also holding the db_mtx.
1262         */
1263         dnode_willuse_space(dn, db->db.db_size, tx);
1264         do_free_accounting =dbuf_block_freeable(db);
1265     }
1267     /*
1268     * If this buffer is dirty in an old transaction group we need
1269     * to make a copy of it so that the changes we make in this
1270     * transaction group won't leak out when we sync the older txg.
1271     */
1272     dr = kmalloc(sizeof(dbuf_dirty_record_t), KM_SLEEP);
1273     if (db->db.level == 0) {
1274         void *data_old = db->db_buf;
1276         if (db->db_state != DB_NOFILL) {
1277             if (db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID) {
1278                 dbuf_fix_old_data(db, tx->tx_txg);
1279                 data_old = db->db.db_data;
1280             } else if (db->db.db_object != DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT) {
1281                 /*
1282                 * Release the data buffer from the cache so
1283                 * that we can modify it without impacting
1284                 * possible other users of this cached data
1285                 * block. Note that indirect blocks and
1286                 * private objects are not released until the
1287                 * syncing state (since they are only modified
1288                 * then).
1289                 */
1290                 arc_release(db->db_buf, db);
1291                 dbuf_fix_old_data(db, tx->tx_txg);
1292                 data_old = db->db_buf;
1293             }
1294             ASSERT(data_old != NULL);
1295         }
1296         dr->dt.dl.dr_data = data_old;
1297     } else {
1298         mutex_init(&dr->dt.di.dr_mtx, NULL, MUX_DEFAULT, NULL);
1299         list_create(&dr->dt.di.dr_children,
1300                     sizeof(dbuf_dirty_record_t),
1301                     offsetof(dbuf_dirty_record_t, dr_dirty_node));
1302     }
1303     if (db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID && os->os_dsl_dataset != NULL)
1304         dr->dr_accounted = db->db.db_size;
1305     dr->dr_dbuf = db;
1306     dr->dr_txg = tx->tx_txg;
1307     dr->dr_next = *drp;
1308     *drp = dr;
1310     /*
1311     * We could have been freed_in_flight between the dbuf_noread
1312     * and dbuf_dirty. We win, as though the dbuf_noread() had
1313     * happened after the free.
1314     */
1315     if (db->db_level == 0 && db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID &&

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1316         db->db_blkid != DMU_SPILL_BLKID) {
1317             mutex_enter(&dn->dn_mtx);
1318             if (dn->dn_free_ranges[txgoff] != NULL) {
1319                 range_tree_clear(dn->dn_free_ranges[txgoff],
1320                                   db->db_blkid, 1);
1321             }
1322             mutex_exit(&dn->dn_mtx);
1323             db->db_freed_in_flight = FALSE;
1324         }
1326         /*
1327         * This buffer is now part of this txg
1328         */
1329         dbuf_add_ref(db, (void *)(uintptr_t)tx->tx_txg);
1330         db->db_dirtycnt += 1;
1331         ASSERT3U(db->db_dirtycnt, <=, 3);
1333         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
1335         if (db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID ||
1336             db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID) {
1337             mutex_enter(&dn->dn_mtx);
1338             ASSERT(list_link_active(&dr->dr_dirty_node));
1339             list_insert_tail(&dn->dn_dirty_records[txgoff], dr);
1340             mutex_exit(&dn->dn_mtx);
1341             dnode_setdirty(dn, tx);
1342             DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
1343             return (dr);
1344         } else if (do_free_accounting) {
1345             blkptr_t *bp = db->db_blkptr;
1346             int64_t willfree = (bp && !BP_IS_HOLE(bp)) ?
1347                         bp_get_dsize(os->os_spa, bp) : db->db.db_size;
1348             /*
1349             * This is only a guess -- if the dbuf is dirty
1350             * in a previous txg, we don't know how much
1351             * space it will use on disk yet. We should
1352             * really have the struct_rwlock to access
1353             * db_blkptr, but since this is just a guess,
1354             * it's OK if we get an odd answer.
1355             */
1356             ddt_prefetch(os->os_spa, bp);
1357             dnode_willuse_space(dn, -willfree, tx);
1358         }
1360         if (!RW_WRITE_HELD(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock)) {
1361             rw_enter(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock, RW_READER);
1362             drop_struct_lock = TRUE;
1363         }
1365         if (db->db_level == 0) {
1366             dnode_new_blkid(dn, db->db_blkid, tx, drop_struct_lock);
1367             ASSERT(dn->dn_maxblkid >= db->db_blkid);
1368         }
1370         if (db->db_level+1 < dn->dn_nlevels) {
1371             dmuf_buf_impl_t *parent = db->db.parent;
1372             dbuf_dirty_record_t *di;
1373             int parent_held = FALSE;
1375             if (db->db.parent == NULL || db->db.parent == dn->dn_dbuf) {
1376                 int epbs = dn->dn_indblksshift - SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT;
1378                 parent = dbuf_hold_level(dn, db->db_level+1,
1379                                         db->db_blkid >> epbs, FTAG);
1380                 ASSERT(parent != NULL);
1381                 parent_held = TRUE;

```

```

1382     }
1383     if (drop_struct_lock)
1384         rw_exit(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock);
1385     ASSERT3U(db->db_level+1, ==, parent->db_level);
1386     di = dbuf_dirty(parent, tx);
1387     if (parent->held)
1388         dbuf_rele(parent, FTAG);

1390     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
1391     /*
1392      * Since we've dropped the mutex, it's possible that
1393      * dbuf_undirty() might have changed this out from under us.
1394      */
1395     if (db->db_last_dirty == dr ||
1396         dn->dn_object == DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT) {
1397         mutex_enter(&di->dt.di.dr_mtx);
1398         ASSERT3U(di->dr_txg, ==, tx->tx_txg);
1399         ASSERT(!list_link_active(&dr->dr_dirty_node));
1400         list_insert_tail(&di->dt.di.dr_children, dr);
1401         mutex_exit(&di->dt.di.dr_mtx);
1402         dr->dr_parent = di;
1403     }
1404     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
1405 } else {
1406     ASSERT(db->db_level+1 == dn->dn_nlevels);
1407     ASSERT(db->db_blkid < dn->dn_nblkptr);
1408     ASSERT(db->db_parent == NULL || db->db_parent == dn->dn_dbuf);
1409     mutex_enter(&dn->dn_mtx);
1410     ASSERT(list_link_active(&dr->dr_dirty_node));
1411     list_insert_tail(&dn->dn_dirty_records[txgoff], dr);
1412     mutex_exit(&dn->dn_mtx);
1413     if (drop_struct_lock)
1414         rw_exit(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock);
1415 }

1417 dnode_setdirty(dn, tx);
1418 DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
1419 return (dr);
1420 }

1422 /*
1423  * Undirty a buffer in the transaction group referenced by the given
1424  * transaction.  Return whether this evicted the dbuf.
1425 */
1426 static boolean_t
1427 dbuf_undirty(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, dmu_tx_t *tx)
1428 {
1429     dnode_t *dn;
1430     uint64_t txg = tx->tx_txg;
1431     dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr, **drp;
1432
1433     ASSERT(txg != 0);

1435     /*
1436      * Due to our use of dn_nlevels below, this can only be called
1437      * in open context, unless we are operating on the MOS.
1438      * From syncing context, dn_nlevels may be different from the
1439      * dn_nlevels used when dbuf was dirtied.
1440      */
1441     ASSERT(db->db_objset ==
1442         dmu_objset_pool(db->db_objset)->dp_meta_objset ||
1443         txg != spa_syncing_txg(dmu_objset_spa(db->db_objset)));
1444     ASSERT(db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
1445     ASSERT0(db->db_level);
1446     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));

```

```

1448     /*
1449      * If this buffer is not dirty, we're done.
1450      */
1451     for (drp = &db->db_last_dirty; (dr = *drp) != NULL; drp = &dr->dr_next)
1452         if (dr->dr_txg <= txg)
1453             break;
1454     if (dr == NULL || dr->dr_txg < txg)
1455         return (B_FALSE);
1456     ASSERT(dr->dr_txg == txg);
1457     ASSERT(dr->dr_dbuf == db);

1459     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
1460     dn = DB_DNODE(db);

1462     dprintf_dbuf(db, "size=%llx\n", (u_longlong_t)db->db.db_size);

1464     ASSERT(db->db.db_size != 0);

1466     dsl_pool_undirty_space(dmu_objset_pool(dn->dn_objset),
1467                             dr->dr_accounted, txg);

1469     *drp = dr->dr_next;

1471     /*
1472      * Note that there are three places in dbuf_dirty()
1473      * where this dirty record may be put on a list.
1474      * Make sure to do a list_remove corresponding to
1475      * every one of those list_insert calls.
1476      */
1477     if (dr->dr_parent) {
1478         mutex_enter(&dr->dr_parent->dt.di.dr_mtx);
1479         list_remove(&dr->dr_parent->dt.di.dr_children, dr);
1480         mutex_exit(&dr->dr_parent->dt.di.dr_mtx);
1481     } else if (db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID ||
1482                db->db_level + 1 == dn->dn_nlevels) {
1483         ASSERT(db->db_blkptr == NULL || db->db_parent == dn->dn_dbuf);
1484         mutex_enter(&dn->dn_mtx);
1485         list_remove(&dn->dn_dirty_records[txg & TXG_MASK], dr);
1486         mutex_exit(&dn->dn_mtx);
1487     }
1488     DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);

1490     if (db->db_state != DB_NOFILL) {
1491         dbuf_unoverride(dr);

1493         ASSERT(db->db_buf != NULL);
1494         ASSERT(dr->dt.dl.dr_data != NULL);
1495         if (dr->dt.dl.dr_data != db->db_buf)
1496             VERIFY(arc_buf_remove_ref(dr->dt.dl.dr_data, db));

1499         kmem_free(dr, sizeof (dbuf_dirty_record_t));

1501         ASSERT(db->db_dirtycnt > 0);
1502         db->db_dirtycnt -= 1;

1504         if (refcount_remove(&db->db_holds, (void *)(uintptr_t)txg) == 0) {
1505             arc_buf_t *buf = db->db_buf;

1507             ASSERT(db->db_state == DB_NOFILL || arc_released(buf));
1508             dbuf_clear_data(db);
1509             VERIFY(arc_buf_remove_ref(buf, db));
1510             dbuf_evict(db);
1511             return (B_TRUE);
1512         }

```

```

1514     return (B_FALSE);
1515 }

1517 void
1518 dmu_buf_will_dirty(dmu_buf_t *db_fake, dmu_tx_t *tx)
1519 {
1520     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = (dmu_buf_impl_t *)db_fake;
1521     int rf = DB_RF_MUST_SUCCEED | DB_RF_NOPREFETCH;
1522
1523     ASSERT(tx->tx_txg != 0);
1524     ASSERT(!refcount_is_zero(&db->db_holds));
1525
1526     /*
1527      * Quick check for dirtyness. For already dirty blocks, this
1528      * reduces runtime of this function by >90%, and overall performance
1529      * by 50% for some workloads (e.g. file deletion with indirect blocks
1530      * cached).
1531      */
1532     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
1533     dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr;
1534     for (dr = db->db_last_dirty;
1535          dr != NULL && dr->dr_txg >= tx->tx_txg; dr = dr->dr_next) {
1536         /*
1537          * It's possible that it is already dirty but not cached,
1538          * because there are some calls to dbuf_dirty() that don't
1539          * go through dmu_buf_will_dirty().
1540          */
1541         if (dr->dr_txg == tx->tx_txg && db->db_state == DB_CACHED) {
1542             /* This dbuf is already dirty and cached. */
1543             dbuf_redirty(dr);
1544             mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
1545             return;
1546         }
1547     }
1548     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);

1549     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
1550     if (RW_WRITE_HELD(&DB_DNODE(db)->dn_struct_rwlock))
1551         rf |= DB_RF_HAVESTRUCT;
1552     DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
1553     (void) dbuf_read(db, NULL, rf);
1554     (void) dbuf_dirty(db, tx);
1555 }

1556 void
1557 dmu_buf_will_not_fill(dmu_buf_t *db_fake, dmu_tx_t *tx)
1558 {
1559     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = (dmu_buf_impl_t *)db_fake;
1560
1561     db->db_state = DB_NOFILL;
1562
1563     dmu_buf_will_fill(db_fake, tx);
1564 }

1565 void
1566 dmu_buf_will_fill(dmu_buf_t *db_fake, dmu_tx_t *tx)
1567 {
1568     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = (dmu_buf_impl_t *)db_fake;
1569
1570     ASSERT(db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
1571     ASSERT(tx->tx_txg != 0);
1572     ASSERT(db->db_level == 0);
1573     ASSERT(!refcount_is_zero(&db->db_holds));
1574
1575     ASSERT(db->db.db_object != DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT ||
1576            dmu_tx_private_ok(tx));

```

```

1581     dbuf_noread(db);
1582     (void) dbuf_dirty(db, tx);
1583 }

1584 #pragma weak dmu_buf_fill_done = dbuf_fill_done
1585 /* ARGSUSED */
1586 void
1587 dbuf_fill_done(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, dmu_tx_t *tx)
1588 {
1589     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
1590     mutex_verify(db);
1591
1592     if (db->db_state == DB_FILL) {
1593         if (db->db_level == 0 && db->db_freed_in_flight) {
1594             ASSERT(db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
1595             /* we were freed while filling */
1596             /* XXX dbuf_undirty? */
1597             bzero(db->db_data, db->db.db_size);
1598             db->db_freed_in_flight = FALSE;
1599         }
1600         db->db_state = DB_CACHED;
1601         cv_broadcast(&db->db_changed);
1602     }
1603     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
1604 }

1605 void
1606 dmu_buf_write_embedded(dmu_buf_t *dbuf, void *data,
1607                        bp_embedded_type_t etype, enum zio_compress comp,
1608                        int uncompressed_size, int compressed_size, int byteorder,
1609                        dmu_tx_t *tx)
1610 {
1611     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = (dmu_buf_impl_t *)dbuf;
1612     struct dirty_leaf *dl;
1613     dmobject_type_t type;
1614
1615     if (etype == BP_EMBEDDED_TYPE_DATA) {
1616         ASSERT(spa_feature_is_active(dmobject_set_spa(db->db_objset),
1617                                      SPA_FEATURE_EMBEDDED_DATA));
1618     }
1619
1620     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
1621     type = DB_DNODE(db)->dn_type;
1622     DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);

1623     ASSERT0(db->db_level);
1624     ASSERT(db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);

1625     dmu_buf_will_not_fill(dbuf, tx);

1626     ASSERT3U(db->db_last_dirty->dr_txg, ==, tx->tx_txg);
1627     dl = &db->db_last_dirty->dt.dl;
1628     encode_embedded_bp_compressed(&dl->dr_overridden_by,
1629                                   data, comp, uncompressed_size, compressed_size);
1630     BP_SETETYPE(&dl->dr_overridden_by, etype);
1631     BP_SETTYPE(&dl->dr_overridden_by, type);
1632     BP_SETLEVEL(&dl->dr_overridden_by, 0);
1633     BP_SETBYTEORDER(&dl->dr_overridden_by, byteorder);

1634     dl->dr_override_state = DR_OVERRIDDEN;
1635     dl->dr_overridden_by.blk_birth = db->db_last_dirty->dr_txg;

1636     /* Directly assign a provided arc buf to a given dbuf if it's not referenced

```

```

1646 * by anybody except our caller. Otherwise copy arcbuf's contents to dbuf.
1647 */
1648 void
1649 dbuf_assign_arcbuf(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, arc_buf_t *buf, dmu_tx_t *tx)
1650 {
1651     ASSERT(!refcount_is_zero(&db->db_holds));
1652     ASSERT(db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
1653     ASSERT(db->db_level == 0);
1654     ASSERT(DBUF_GET_BUFC_TYPE(db) == ARC_BUFC_DATA);
1655     ASSERT(buf != NULL);
1656     ASSERT(arc_buf_size(buf) == db->db.db_size);
1657     ASSERT(tx->tx_txg != 0);

1658     arc_return_buf(buf, db);
1659     ASSERT(arc_released(buf));

1660     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);

1661     while (db->db_state == DB_READ || db->db_state == DB_FILL)
1662         cv_wait(&db->db_changed, &db->db_mtx);

1663     ASSERT(db->db_state == DB_CACHED || db->db_state == DB_UNCACHED);

1664     if (db->db_state == DB_CACHED &&
1665         refcount_count(&db->db_holds) - 1 > db->db_dirtycnt) {
1666         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
1667         (void)dbuf_dirty(db, tx);
1668         bcopy(buf->b_data, db->db.db_data, db->db.db_size);
1669         VERIFY(arc_buf_remove_ref(buf, db));
1670         xuio_stat_wbuf_copied();
1671         return;
1672     }

1673     xuio_stat_wbuf_nocopy();
1674     if (db->db_state == DB_CACHED) {
1675         dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr = db->db_last_dirty;

1676         ASSERT(db->db_buf != NULL);
1677         if (dr != NULL && dr->dr_txg == tx->tx_txg) {
1678             ASSERT(dr->dt.dl.dr_data == db->db_buf);
1679             if (!arc_released(db->db_buf)) {
1680                 ASSERT(dr->dt.dl.dr_override_state ==
1681                     DR_OVERRIDDEN);
1682                 arc_release(db->db_buf, db);
1683             }
1684             dr->dt.dl.dr_data = buf;
1685             VERIFY(arc_buf_remove_ref(db->db_buf, db));
1686         } else if (dr == NULL || dr->dt.dl.dr_data != db->db_buf) {
1687             arc_release(db->db_buf, db);
1688             VERIFY(arc_buf_remove_ref(db->db_buf, db));
1689         }
1690         db->db_buf = NULL;
1691     }
1692     ASSERT(db->db_buf == NULL);
1693     dbuf_set_data(db, buf);
1694     db->db_state = DB_FILL;
1695     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
1696     (void)dbuf_dirty(db, tx);
1697     dmu_buf_fill_done(&db->db, tx);
1698 }

1699 /* "Clear" the contents of this dbuf. This will mark the dbuf
1700 * EVICTING and clear *most* of its references. Unfortunately,
1701 * when we are not holding the dn_dbufs_mtx, we can't clear the
1702 * entry in the dn_dbufs list. We have to wait until dbuf_destroy()
1703 */
1704 
```

```

1705 */

1706 * in this case. For callers from the DMU we will usually see:
1707 *   dbuf_clear() ->arc_clear_callback() ->dbuf_do_evict() ->dbuf_destroy()
1708 * For the arc callback, we will usually see:
1709 *   dbuf_do_evict() ->dbuf_clear();dbuf_destroy()
1710 * Sometimes, though, we will get a mix of these two:
1711 *   DMU: dbuf_clear() ->arc_clear_callback()
1712 *   ARC: dbuf_do_evict() ->dbuf_destroy()
1713 *
1714 * This routine will dissociate the dbuf from the arc, by calling
1715 * arc_clear_callback(), but will not evict the data from the ARC.
1716 */
1717 void
1718 dbuf_clear(dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
1719 {
1720     dnode_t *dn;
1721     dmu_buf_impl_t *parent = db->db.parent;
1722     dmu_buf_impl_t *dndb;
1723     boolean_t dbuf_gone = B_FALSE;
1724
1725     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
1726     ASSERT(refcount_is_zero(&db->db_holds));
1727
1728     dbuf_evict_user(db);
1729
1730     if (db->db_state == DB_CACHED) {
1731         ASSERT(db->db.db_data != NULL);
1732         if (db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID) {
1733             zio_buf_free(db->db.db_data, DN_MAX_BONUSLEN);
1734             arc_space_return(DN_MAX_BONUSLEN, ARC_SPACE_OTHER);
1735         }
1736         db->db.db_data = NULL;
1737         db->db_state = DB_UNCACHED;
1738     }
1739
1740     ASSERT(db->db_state == DB_UNCACHED || db->db_state == DB_NOFILL);
1741     ASSERT(db->db_data_pending == NULL);

1742     db->db_state = DB_EVICTING;
1743     db->db_blkptr = NULL;
1744
1745     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
1746     dn = DB_DNODE(db);
1747     dndb = dn->dn_dbuf;
1748     if (db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID && MUTEX_HELD(&dn->dn_dbufs_mtx)) {
1749         avl_remove(&dn->dn_dbufs, db);
1750         atomic_dec_32(&dn->dn_dbufs_count);
1751         membr_producer();
1752         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
1753         /*
1754          * Decrementing the dbuf count means that the hold corresponding
1755          * to the removed dbuf is no longer discounted in dnode_move(),
1756          * so the dnode cannot be moved until after we release the hold.
1757          * The membr_producer() ensures visibility of the decremented
1758          * value in dnode_move(), since DB_DNODE_EXIT doesn't actually
1759          * release any lock.
1760          */
1761         dnode_rele(dn, db);
1762         db->db_dnode_handle = NULL;
1763     } else {
1764         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
1765     }
1766
1767     if (db->db_buf)
1768         dbuf_gone = arc_clear_callback(db->db_buf);
1769
1770     if (!dbuf_gone)
1771
1772     if (dbuf_gone)
1773
1774     if (dbuf_gone)
1775
1776     if (dbuf_gone)
1777 
```

```

1778         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
1780     /*
1781      * If this dbuf is referenced from an indirect dbuf,
1782      * decrement the ref count on the indirect dbuf.
1783      */
1784     if (parent && parent != dn->dn_dbuf)
1785         dbuf_rele(parent, db);
1786 }
1788 /*
1789  * Note: While bpp will always be updated if the function returns success,
1790  * parentp will not be updated if the dnode does not have dn_dbuf filled in,
1791  * this happens when the dnode is the meta-dnode, or a userused or groupused
1792  * object.
1793 */
1794 static int
1795 dbuf_findbp(dnode_t *dn, int level, uint64_t blkid, int fail_sparse,
1796             dmu_buf_impl_t **parentp, blkptr_t **bpp)
1797 {
1798     int nlevels, epbs;
1799
1800     *parentp = NULL;
1801     *bpp = NULL;
1802
1803     ASSERT(blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
1804
1805     if (blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID) {
1806         mutex_enter(&dn->dn_mtx);
1807         if (dn->dn_have_spill &&
1808             (dn->dn_phys->dn_flags & DNODE_FLAG_SPILL_BLKPTR))
1809             *bpp = &dn->dn_phys->dn_spill;
1810         else
1811             *bpp = NULL;
1812         dbuf_add_ref(dn->dn_dbuf, NULL);
1813         *parentp = dn->dn_dbuf;
1814         mutex_exit(&dn->dn_mtx);
1815         return (0);
1816     }
1817
1818     if (dn->dn_phys->dn_nlevels == 0)
1819         nlevels = 1;
1820     else
1821         nlevels = dn->dn_phys->dn_nlevels;
1822
1823     epbs = dn->dn_inblkshift - SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT;
1824
1825     ASSERT3U(level * epbs, <, 64);
1826     ASSERT(RW_LOCK_HELD(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock));
1827     if (level >= nlevels ||
1828         (blkid > (dn->dn_phys->dn_maxblkid >> (level * epbs))) {
1829         /* the buffer has no parent yet */
1830         return (SET_ERROR(ENOENT));
1831     } else if (level < nlevels-1) {
1832         /* this block is referenced from an indirect block */
1833         int err = dbuf_hold_impl(dn, level+1,
1834                                 blkid >> epbs, fail_sparse, FALSE, NULL, parentp);
1835         if (err)
1836             return (err);
1837         err = dbuf_read(*parentp, NULL,
1838                        (DB_RF_HAVESTRUCT | DB_RF_NOPREFETCH | DB_RF_CANFAIL));
1839         if (err) {
1840             dbuf_rele(*parentp, NULL);
1841             *parentp = NULL;
1842             return (err);
1843         }
1844     }

```

```

1844         *bpp = ((blkptr_t *)(*parentp)->db.db_data) +
1845             (blkid & ((1ULL << epbs) - 1));
1846         return (0);
1847     } else {
1848         /* the block is referenced from the dnode */
1849         ASSERT3U(level, ==, nlevels-1);
1850         ASSERT(dn->dn_phys->dn_nblkptr == 0 ||
1851                blkid < dn->dn_phys->dn_nblkptr);
1852         if (dn->dn_dbuf) {
1853             dbuf_add_ref(dn->dn_dbuf, NULL);
1854             *parentp = dn->dn_dbuf;
1855         }
1856         *bpp = &dn->dn_phys->dn_blkptr[blkid];
1857         return (0);
1858     }
1859 }
1860
1861 static dmu_buf_impl_t *
1862 dbuf_create(dnode_t *dn, uint8_t level, uint64_t blkid,
1863             dmu_buf_impl_t *parent, blkptr_t *blkptr)
1864 {
1865     objset_t *os = dn->dn_objset;
1866     dmu_buf_impl_t *db, *odb;
1867
1868     ASSERT(RW_LOCK_HELD(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock));
1869     ASSERT(dn->dn_type != DMU_OT_NONE);
1870
1871     db = kmem_cache_alloc(dbbuf_cache, KM_SLEEP);
1872
1873     db->db_objset = os;
1874     db->db_object = dn->dn_object;
1875     db->db_level = level;
1876     db->db_blkid = blkid;
1877     db->db_last_dirty = NULL;
1878     db->db_dirtycnt = 0;
1879     db->db_dnode_handle = dn->dn_handle;
1880     db->db_parent = parent;
1881     db->db_blkptr = blkptr;
1882
1883     db->db_user = NULL;
1884     db->db_user_immediate_evict = FALSE;
1885     db->db_freed_in_flight = FALSE;
1886     db->db_pending_evict = FALSE;
1887
1888     if (blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID) {
1889         ASSERT3P(parent, ==, dn->dn_dbuf);
1890         db->db_size = DN_MAX_BONUSLEN -
1891             (dn->dn_nblkptr-1) * sizeof(blkptr_t);
1892         ASSERT3U(db->db_size, >=, dn->dn_bonuslen);
1893         db->db_offset = DMU_BONUS_BLKID;
1894         db->db_state = DB_UNCACHED;
1895         /* the bonus block is not placed in the hash table */
1896         arc_space_consume(sizeof(dmu_buf_impl_t), ARC_SPACE_OTHER);
1897         return (db);
1898     } else if (blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID) {
1899         db->db_size = (blkptr != NULL) ?
1900             BP_GET_LSIZE(blkptr) : SPA_MINBLOCKSIZE;
1901         db->db_offset = 0;
1902     } else {
1903         int blocksize =
1904             db->db_level ? 1 << dn->dn_inblkshift : dn->dn_datblksz;
1905         db->db_size = blocksize;
1906         db->db_offset = db->db_blkid * blocksize;
1907     }
1908
1909     /*

```

```

1910     * Hold the dn_dbufs_mtx while we get the new dbuf
1911     * in the hash table *and* added to the dbufs list.
1912     * This prevents a possible deadlock with someone
1913     * trying to look up this dbuf before its added to the
1914     * dn_dbufs list.
1915     */
1916 mutex_enter(&dn->dn_dbufs_mtx);
1917 db->db_state = DB_EVICTING;
1918 if ((odb = dbuf_hash_insert(db)) != NULL) {
1919     /* someone else inserted it first */
1920     kmem_cache_free(dbuf_cache, db);
1921     mutex_exit(&dn->dn_dbufs_mtx);
1922     return (odb);
1923 }
1924 avl_add(&dn->dn_dbufs, db);
1925 if (db->db_level == 0 && db->db_blkid >=
1926     dn->dn_unlisted_10_blkid)
1927     dn->dn_unlisted_10_blkid = db->db_blkid + 1;
1928 db->db_state = DB_UNCACHED;
1929 mutex_exit(&dn->dn_dbufs_mtx);
1930 arc_space_consume(sizeof (dmu_buf_impl_t), ARC_SPACE_OTHER);

1932 if (parent && parent != dn->dn_dbuf)
1933     dbuf_add_ref(parent, db);

1935 ASSERT(dn->dn_object == DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT ||
1936     refcount_count(&dn->dn_holds) > 0);
1937 (void) refcount_add(&dn->dn_holds, db);
1938 atomic_inc_32(&dn->dn_dbufs_count);

1940 dprintf_dbuf(db, "db=%p\n", db);

1942 return (db);
1943 }

1945 static int
1946 dbuf_do_evict(void *private)
1947 {
1948     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = private;
1949
1950     if (!MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx))
1951         mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);

1953     ASSERT(refcount_is_zero(&db->db_holds));

1955     if (db->db_state != DB_EVICTING) {
1956         ASSERT(db->db_state == DB_CACHED);
1957         DBUF_VERIFY(db);
1958         db->db_buf = NULL;
1959         dbuf_evict(db);
1960     } else {
1961         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
1962         dbuf_destroy(db);
1963     }
1964     return (0);
1965 }

1967 static void
1968 dbuf_destroy(dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
1969 {
1970     ASSERT(refcount_is_zero(&db->db_holds));
1971
1972     if (db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID) {
1973         /*
1974          * If this dbuf is still on the dn_dbufs list,
1975          * remove it from that list.

```

```

1976     */
1977     if (db->db_dnode_handle != NULL) {
1978         dnode_t *dn;
1979
1980         DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
1981         dn = DB_DNODE(db);
1982         mutex_enter(&dn->dn_dbufs_mtx);
1983         avl_remove(&dn->dn_dbufs, db);
1984         atomic_dec_32(&dn->dn_dbufs_count);
1985         mutex_exit(&dn->dn_dbufs_mtx);
1986         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
1987
1988         /*
1989          * Decrementing the dbuf count means that the hold
1990          * corresponding to the removed dbuf is no longer
1991          * discounted in dnode_move(), so the dnode cannot be
1992          * moved until after we release the hold.
1993
1994         dnode_rele(dn, db);
1995         db->db_dnode_handle = NULL;
1996     }
1997     dbuf_hash_remove(db);
1998 }
1999 db->db_parent = NULL;
db->db_buf = NULL;

2001 ASSERT(db->db.db_data == NULL);
2002 ASSERT(db->db_hash_next == NULL);
2003 ASSERT(db->db_blkptr == NULL);
2004 ASSERT(db->db_data_pending == NULL);

2006 kmem_cache_free(dbuf_cache, db);
2007 arc_space_return(sizeof (dmu_buf_impl_t), ARC_SPACE_OTHER);
2008 }

2010 typedef struct dbuf_prefetch_arg {
2011     spa_t *dpa_spa; /* The spa to issue the prefetch in. */
2012     zbookmark_phys_t dpa_zb; /* The target block to prefetch. */
2013     int dpa_epbs; /* Entries (blkptr_t's) Per Block Shift. */
2014     int dpa_curlevel; /* The current level that we're reading */
2015     zio_priority_t dpa_prio; /* The priority I/Os should be issued at. */
2016     zio_t *dpa_zio; /* The parent zio_t for all prefetches. */
2017     arc_flags_t dpa_aflags; /* Flags to pass to the final prefetch. */
2018 } dbuf_prefetch_arg_t;

2020 /*
2021  * Actually issue the prefetch read for the block given.
2022 */
2023 static void
2024 dbuf_issue_final_prefetch(dbuf_prefetch_arg_t *dpa, blkptr_t *bp)
2025 {
2026     if (BP_IS_HOLE(bp) || BP_IS_EMBEDDED(bp))
2027         return;
2028
2029     arc_flags_t aflags =
2030         dpa->dpa_aflags | ARC_FLAG_NOWAIT | ARC_FLAG_PREFETCH;
2031
2032     ASSERT3U(dpa->dpa_curlevel, ==, BP_GET_LEVEL(bp));
2033     ASSERT3U(dpa->dpa_curlevel, ==, dpa->dpa_zb.zb_level);
2034     ASSERT(dpa->dpa_zio != NULL);
2035     (void) arc_read(dpa->dpa_zio, dpa->dpa_spa, bp, NULL, NULL,
2036                     dpa->dpa_prio, ZIO_FLAG_CANFAIL | ZIO_FLAG_SPECULATIVE,
2037                     &aflags, &dpa->dpa_zb);
2038 }

2040 /*
2041  * Called when an indirect block above our prefetch target is read in. This

```

new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/dbuf.c

29

new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/dbuf.

```

2108         return;
2109
2110     /*
2111      * This dnode hasn't been written to disk yet, so there's nothing to
2112      * prefetch.
2113     */
2114     nlevels = dn->dn_phys->dn_nlevels;
2115     if (level >= nlevels || dn->dn_phys->dn_nblkptr == 0)
2116         return;
2117
2118     epbs = dn->dn_phys->dn_indblkshift - SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT;
2119     if (dn->dn_phys->dn_maxblkid < blkid << (epbs * level))
2120         return;
2121
2122     dmu_buf_impl_t *dbuf = dbuf_find(dn->dn_objset, dn->dn_object,
2123                                     level, blkid);
2124     if (dbuf != NULL) {
2125         mutex_exit(&dbuf->db_mtx);
2126         /*
2127          * This dbuf already exists. It is either CACHED, or
2128          * (we assume) about to be read or filled.
2129         */
2130         return;
2131     }
2132
2133     /*
2134      * Find the closest ancestor (indirect block) of the target block
2135      * that is present in the cache. In this indirect block, we will
2136      * find the bp that is at curlevel, curblkid.
2137     */
2138     curlevel = level;
2139     curblkid = blkid;
2140     while (curlevel < nlevels - 1) {
2141         int parent_level = curlevel + 1;
2142         uint64_t parent_blkid = curblkid >> epbs;
2143         dmu_buf_impl_t *dbuf;
2144
2145         if (dbuf_hold_impl(dn, parent_level, parent_blkid,
2146                            FALSE, TRUE, FTAG, &dbuf) == 0) {
2147             blkptr_t *bpp = db->db_buf->b_data;
2148             bp = bpp[P2PHASE(curblkid, 1 << epbs)];
2149             dbuf_rele(db, FTAG);
2150             break;
2151         }
2152
2153         curlevel = parent_level;
2154         curblkid = parent_blkid;
2155     }
2156
2157     if (curlevel == nlevels - 1) {
2158         /* No cached indirect blocks found. */
2159         ASSERT3U(curblkid, <, dn->dn_phys->dn_nblkptr);
2160         bp = dn->dn_phys->dn_blkptr[curblkid];
2161     }
2162     if (BP_IS_HOLE(&bp))
2163         return;
2164
2165     ASSERT3U(curlevel, ==, BP_GET_LEVEL(&bp));
2166
2167     zio_t *pio = zio_root(dmu_objset_spa(dn->dn_objset), NULL, NULL,
2168                           ZIO_FLAG_CANFAIL);
2169
2170     dbuf_prefetch_arg_t *dpa = kmalloc(sizeof (*dpa), KM_SLEEP);
2171     dsl_dataset_t *ds = dn->dn_objset->os_dsl_dataset;
2172     SET_BOOKMARK(&dpa->dma_zb, ds != NULL ? ds->ds_object : DMU_META_OBJSET,
2173                  dn->dn_object, level, blkid);

```

```

2174     dpa->dpa_curllevel = curllevel;
2175     dpa->dpa_prio = prio;
2176     dpa->dpa_aflags = aflags;
2177     dpa->dpa_spa = dn->dn_objset->os_spa;
2178     dpa->dpa_epbs = epbs;
2179     dpa->dpa_zio = pio;

2181 /*
2182  * If we have the indirect just above us, no need to do the asynchronous
2183  * prefetch chain; we'll just run the last step ourselves. If we're at
2184  * a higher level, though, we want to issue the prefetches for all the
2185  * indirect blocks asynchronously, so we can go on with whatever we were
2186  * doing.
2187 */
2188 if (curllevel == level) {
2189     ASSERT3U(curlblkid, ==, blkid);
2190     dbuf_issue_final_prefetch(dpa, &bp);
2191     kmem_free(dpa, sizeof (*dpa));
2192 } else {
2193     arc_flags_t iter_aflags = ARC_FLAG_NOWAIT;
2194     zbookmark_phys_t zb;

2195     SET_BOOKMARK(&zb, ds != NULL ? ds->ds_object : DMU_META_OBJSET,
2196                  dn->dn_object, curllevel, curlblkid);
2197     (void) arc_read(dpa->dpa_zio, dpa->dpa_spa,
2198                      &bp, dbuf_prefetch_indirect_done, dpa, prio,
2199                      ZIO_FLAG_CANFAIL | ZIO_FLAG_SPECULATIVE,
2200                      &iter_aflags, &zb);
2201 }
2202 /*
2203  * We use pio here instead of dpa_zio since it's possible that
2204  * dpa may have already been freed.
2205 */
2206 zio_nowait(pio);

2208 }

2210 /*
2211  * Returns with db_holds incremented, and db_mtx not held.
2212  * Note: dn_struct_rwlock must be held.
2213 */
2214 int
2215 dbuf_hold_impl(dnode_t *dn, uint8_t level, uint64_t blkid,
2216                  boolean_t fail_sparse, boolean_t fail_uncached,
2217                  void *tag, dmuf_buf_impl_t **dbp)
2218 {
2219     dmuf_buf_impl_t *db, *parent = NULL;

2221     ASSERT(blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
2222     ASSERT(RW_LOCK_HELD(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock));
2223     ASSERT3U(dn->dn_nlevels, >, level);

2225 top:
2226     *dbp = NULL;
2227     /* dbuf_find() returns with db_mtx held */
2228     db = dbuf_find(dn->dn_objset, dn->dn_object, level, blkid);

2230     if (db == NULL) {
2231         blkptr_t *bp = NULL;
2232         int err;

2234     if (fail_uncached)
2235         return (SET_ERROR(ENOENT));

2237     ASSERT3P(parent, ==, NULL);
2238     err = dbuf_findbp(dn, level, blkid, fail_sparse, &parent, &bp);
2239     if (fail_sparse) {

```

```

2240         if (err == 0 && bp && BP_IS_HOLE(bp))
2241             err = SET_ERROR(ENOENT);
2242         if (err) {
2243             if (parent)
2244                 dbuf_rele(parent, NULL);
2245             return (err);
2246         }
2247     }
2248     if (err && err != ENOENT)
2249         return (err);
2250     db = dbuf_create(dn, level, blkid, parent, bp);
2251 }

2253     if (fail_uncached && db->db_state != DB_CACHED) {
2254         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
2255         return (SET_ERROR(ENOENT));
2256     }

2258     if (db->db_buf && refcount_is_zero(&db->db_holds)) {
2259         arc_buf_add_ref(db->db_buf, db);
2260         if (db->db_buf->b_data == NULL) {
2261             dbuf_clear(db);
2262             if (parent) {
2263                 dbuf_rele(parent, NULL);
2264                 parent = NULL;
2265             }
2266             goto top;
2267         }
2268     }
2269     ASSERT3P(db->db.db_data, ==, db->db_buf->b_data);

2271     ASSERT(db->db_buf == NULL || arc_referenced(db->db_buf));

2273 /*
2274  * If this buffer is currently syncing out, and we are
2275  * still referencing it from db_data, we need to make a copy
2276  * of it in case we decide we want to dirty it again in this txg.
2277 */
2278 if (db->db_level == 0 && db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID &&
2279     dn->dn_object != DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT &&
2280     db->db_state == DB_CACHED && db->db_data_pending) {
2281     dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr = db->db_data_pending;

2283     if (dr->dt.dl.dr_data == db->db_buf) {
2284         arc_buf_contents_t type = DBUF_GET_BUFC_TYPE(db);

2286         dbuf_set_data(db,
2287                     arc_buf_alloc(dn->dn_objset->os_spa,
2288                     db->db.db_size, db, type));
2289         bcopy(dr->dt.dl.dr_data->b_data, db->db.db_data,
2290               db->db.db_size);
2291     }
2292 }

2294     (void) refcount_add(&db->db_holds, tag);
2295     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);

2298 /*
2299  * NOTE: we can't rele the parent until after we drop the db_mtx */
2300 if (parent)
2301     dbuf_rele(parent, NULL);

2302     ASSERT3P(DB_DNODE(db), ==, dn);
2303     ASSERT3U(db->db_blkid, ==, blkid);
2304     ASSERT3U(db->db_level, ==, level);
2305     *dbp = db;

```

```

2307     return (0);
2308 }

2310 dmu_buf_impl_t *
2311 dbuf_hold(dnode_t *dn, uint64_t blkid, void *tag)
2312 {
2313     return (dbuf_hold_level(dn, 0, blkid, tag));
2314 }

2316 dmu_buf_impl_t *
2317 dbuf_hold_level(dnode_t *dn, int level, uint64_t blkid, void *tag)
2318 {
2319     dmu_buf_impl_t *db;
2320     int err = dbuf_hold_impl(dn, level, blkid, FALSE, FALSE, tag, &db);
2321     return (err ? NULL : db);
2322 }

2324 void
2325 dbuf_create_bonus(dnode_t *dn)
2326 {
2327     ASSERT(RW_WRITE_HELD(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock));

2329     ASSERT(dn->dn_bonus == NULL);
2330     dn->dn_bonus = dbuf_create(dn, 0, DMU_BONUS_BLKID, dn->dn_dbuf, NULL);
2331 }

2333 int
2334 dbuf_spill_set_blksize(dmu_buf_t *db_fake, uint64_t blksize, dmu_tx_t *tx)
2335 {
2336     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = (dmu_buf_impl_t *)db_fake;
2337     dnode_t *dn;

2339     if (db->db_blkid != DMU_SPILL_BLKID)
2340         return (SET_ERROR(ENOTSUP));
2341     if (blksize == 0)
2342         blksize = SPA_MINBLOCKSIZE;
2343     ASSERT3U(blksize, <=, spa_maxblocksize(dmu_objset_spa(db->db_objset)));
2344     blksize = P2ROUNDUP(blksize, SPA_MINBLOCKSIZE);

2346     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
2347     dn = DB_DNODE(db);
2348     rw_enter(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock, RW_WRITER);
2349     dbuf_new_size(db, blksize, tx);
2350     rw_exit(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock);
2351     DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);

2353     return (0);
2354 }

2356 void
2357 dbuf_rm_spill(dnode_t *dn, dmu_tx_t *tx)
2358 {
2359     dbuf_free_range(dn, DMU_SPILL_BLKID, DMU_SPILL_BLKID, tx);
2360 }

2362 #pragma weak dmu_buf_add_ref = dbuf_add_ref
2363 void
2364 dbuf_add_ref(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, void *tag)
2365 {
2366     int64_t holds = refcount_add(&db->db_holds, tag);
2367     ASSERT(holds > 1);
2368 }

2370 #pragma weak dmu_buf_try_add_ref = dbuf_try_add_ref
2371 boolean_t

```

```

2372 dbuf_try_add_ref(dmu_buf_t *db_fake, objset_t *os, uint64_t obj, uint64_t blkid,
2373                     void *tag)
2374 {
2375     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = (dmu_buf_impl_t *)db_fake;
2376     dmu_buf_impl_t *found_db;
2377     boolean_t result = B_FALSE;

2379     if (db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID)
2380         found_db = dbuf_find_bonus(os, obj);
2381     else
2382         found_db = dbuf_find(os, obj, 0, blkid);

2384     if (found_db != NULL) {
2385         if (db == found_db && dbuf_refcount(db) > db->db_dirtycnt) {
2386             (void) refcount_add(&db->db_holds, tag);
2387             result = B_TRUE;
2388         }
2389     }
2390     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
2391 }
2392 }

2394 /*
2395  * If you call dbuf_rele() you had better not be referencing the dnode handle
2396  * unless you have some other direct or indirect hold on the dnode. (An indirect
2397  * hold is a hold on one of the dnode's dbufs, including the bonus buffer.)
2398  * Without that, the dbuf_rele() could lead to a dnode_rele() followed by the
2399  * dnode's parent dbuf evicting its dnode handles.
2400 */
2401 void
2402 dbuf_rele(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, void *tag)
2403 {
2404     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
2405     dbuf_rele_and_unlock(db, tag);
2406 }

2408 void
2409 dmu_buf_rele(dmu_buf_t *db, void *tag)
2410 {
2411     dbuf_rele((dmu_buf_impl_t *)db, tag);
2412 }

2414 /*
2415  * dbuf_rele() for an already-locked dbuf. This is necessary to allow
2416  * db_dirtycnt and db_holds to be updated atomically.
2417 */
2418 void
2419 dbuf_rele_and_unlock(dmu_buf_impl_t *db, void *tag)
2420 {
2421     int64_t holds;

2423     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
2424     DBUF_VERIFY(db);

2426     /*
2427      * Remove the reference to the dbuf before removing its hold on the
2428      * dnode so we can guarantee in dnode_move() that a referenced bonus
2429      * buffer has a corresponding dnode hold.
2430      */
2431     holds = refcount_remove(&db->db_holds, tag);
2432     ASSERT(holds >= 0);

2434     /*
2435      * We can't freeze indirects if there is a possibility that they
2436      * may be modified in the current syncing context.
2437      */

```

```

2438     if (db->db_buf && holds == (db->db_level == 0 ? db->db_dirtycnt : 0))
2439         arc_buf_freeze(db->db_buf);
2440
2441     if (holds == db->db_dirtycnt &&
2442         db->db_level == 0 && db->db_user_immediate_evict)
2443         dbuf_evict_user(db);
2444
2445     if (holds == 0) {
2446         if (db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID) {
2447             dnode_t *dn;
2448             boolean_t evict_dbuf = db->db_pending_evict;
2449
2450             /*
2451              * If the dnode moves here, we cannot cross this
2452              * barrier until the move completes.
2453              */
2454             DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
2455
2456             dn = DB_DNODE(db);
2457             atomic_dec_32(&dn->dn_dbufs_count);
2458
2459             /*
2460              * Decrementing the dbuf count means that the bonus
2461              * buffer's dnode hold is no longer discounted in
2462              * dnode_move(). The dnode cannot move until after
2463              * the dnode_rele() below.
2464              */
2465             DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
2466
2467             /*
2468              * Do not reference db after its lock is dropped.
2469              * Another thread may evict it.
2470              */
2471             mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
2472
2473             if (evict_dbuf)
2474                 dnode_evict_bonus(dn);
2475
2476             dnode_rele(dn, db);
2477         } else if (db->db_buf == NULL) {
2478             /*
2479              * This is a special case: we never associated this
2480              * dbuf with any data allocated from the ARC.
2481              */
2482             ASSERT(db->db_state == DB_UNCACHED ||
2483                   db->db_state == DB_NOFILL);
2484             dbuf_evict(db);
2485         } else if (arc_released(db->db_buf)) {
2486             arc_buf_t *buf = db->db_buf;
2487
2488             /*
2489              * This dbuf has anonymous data associated with it.
2490              */
2491             dbuf_clear_data(db);
2492             VERIFY(arc_buf_remove_ref(buf, db));
2493             dbuf_evict(db);
2494         } else {
2495             VERIFY(!arc_buf_remove_ref(db->db_buf, db));
2496
2497             /*
2498              * A dbuf will be eligible for eviction if either the
2499              * 'primarycache' property is set or a duplicate
2500              * copy of this buffer is already cached in the arc.
2501              */
2502
2503             /*
2504              * In the case of the 'primarycache' a buffer
2505              * is considered for eviction if it matches the
2506              * criteria set in the property.

```

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2532
2533 }
2534
2535 #pragma weak dmu_buf_refcount = dbuf_refcount
2536 uint64_t
2537 dbuf_refcount(dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
2538 {
2539     return (refcount_count(&db->db_holds));
2540 }
2541
2542 void *
2543 dmu_buf_replace_user(dmu_buf_t *db_fake, dmu_buf_user_t *old_user,
2544                       dmu_buf_user_t *new_user)
2545 {
2546     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = (dmu_buf_impl_t *)db_fake;
2547
2548     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
2549     dbuf_verify_user(db, DBVU_NOT_EVICTING);
2550     if (db->db_user == old_user)
2551         db->db_user = new_user;
2552     else
2553         old_user = db->db_user;
2554     dbuf_verify_user(db, DBVU_NOT_EVICTING);
2555     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
2556
2557     return (old_user);
2558 }
2559
2560 void *
2561 dmu_buf_set_user(dmu_buf_t *db_fake, dmu_buf_user_t *user)
2562 {
2563     return (dmu_buf_replace_user(db_fake, NULL, user));
2564 }
2565
2566 void *
2567 dmu_buf_set_user_ie(dmu_buf_t *db_fake, dmu_buf_user_t *user)
2568 {
2569     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = (dmu_buf_impl_t *)db_fake;

```

```

2571     db->db_user_immediate_evict = TRUE;
2572     return (dmu_buf_set_user(db_fake, user));
2573 }
2574
2575 void *
2576 dmu_buf_remove_user(dmu_buf_t *db_fake, dmu_buf_user_t *user)
2577 {
2578     return (dmu_buf_replace_user(db_fake, user, NULL));
2579 }
2580
2581 void *
2582 dmu_buf_get_user(dmu_buf_t *db_fake)
2583 {
2584     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = (dmu_buf_impl_t *)db_fake;
2585
2586     dbuf_verify_user(db, DBVU_NOT_EVICTING);
2587     return (db->db_user);
2588 }
2589
2590 void
2591 dmu_buf_user_evict_wait()
2592 {
2593     taskq_wait(dbu_evict_taskq);
2594 }
2595
2596 boolean_t
2597 dmu_buf_freeable(dmu_buf_t *dbuf)
2598 {
2599     boolean_t res = B_FALSE;
2600     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = (dmu_buf_impl_t *)dbuf;
2601
2602     if (db->db_blkptr)
2603         res = dsl_dataset_block_freeable(db->db_objset->os_dsl_dataset,
2604                                         db->db_blkptr, db->db_blkptr->blk_birth);
2605
2606     return (res);
2607 }
2608
2609 blkptr_t *
2610 dmu_buf_get_blkptr(dmu_buf_t *db)
2611 {
2612     dmu_buf_impl_t *dbi = (dmu_buf_impl_t *)db;
2613     return (dbi->db_blkptr);
2614 }
2615
2616 static void
2617 dbuf_check_blkptr(dnode_t *dn, dmu_buf_impl_t *db)
2618 {
2619     /* ASSERT(dmu_tx_is_syncing(tx)) */
2620     ASSERT(MUTEX_HELD(&db->db_mtx));
2621
2622     if (db->db_blkptr != NULL)
2623         return;
2624
2625     if (db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID) {
2626         db->db_blkptr = &dn->dn_phys->dn_spill;
2627         BP_ZERO(db->db_blkptr);
2628         return;
2629     }
2630     if (db->db_level == dn->dn_phys->dn_nlevels-1) {
2631         /*
2632          * This buffer was allocated at a time when there was
2633          * no available blkptrs from the dnode, or it was
2634          * inappropriate to hook it in (i.e., nlevels mis-match).
2635         */
2636 }

```

```

2636     ASSERT(db->db_blkid < dn->dn_phys->dn_nblkptr);
2637     ASSERT(db->db_parent == NULL);
2638     db->db_parent = dn->dndbuf;
2639     db->db_blkptr = &dn->dn_phys->dn_blkptr[db->db_blkid];
2640     DBUF_VERIFY(db);
2641 } else {
2642     dmu_buf_impl_t *parent = db->db_parent;
2643     int epbs = dn->dn_phys->dn_inblkshift - SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT;
2644
2645     ASSERT(dn->dn_phys->dn_nlevels > 1);
2646     if (parent == NULL) {
2647         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
2648         rw_enter(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock, RW_READER);
2649         parent = dbuf_hold_level(dn, db->db_level + 1,
2650                                  db->db_blkid >> epbs, db);
2651         rw_exit(&dn->dn_struct_rwlock);
2652         mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
2653         db->db_parent = parent;
2654     }
2655     db->db_blkptr = (blkptr_t *)parent->db.db_data +
2656                      (db->db_blkid & ((1ULL << epbs) - 1));
2657     DBUF_VERIFY(db);
2658 }
2659
2660 static void
2661 dbuf_sync_indirect(dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr, dmu_tx_t *tx)
2662 {
2663     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = dr->drdbuf;
2664     dnode_t *dn;
2665     zio_t *zio;
2666
2667     ASSERT(dmu_tx_is_syncing(tx));
2668     dprintf_dbuf_bp(db, db->db_blkptr, "blkptr=%p", db->db_blkptr);
2669
2670     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
2671
2672     ASSERT(db->db_level > 0);
2673     DBUF_VERIFY(db);
2674
2675     /* Read the block if it hasn't been read yet. */
2676     if (db->db_buf == NULL) {
2677         mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
2678         (void) dbuf_read(db, NULL, DB_RF_MUST_SUCCEED);
2679         mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
2680     }
2681     ASSERT3U(db->db_state, ==, DB_CACHED);
2682     ASSERT(db->db_buf != NULL);
2683
2684     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
2685     dn = DB_DNODE(db);
2686     /* Indirect block size must match what the dnode thinks it is. */
2687     ASSERT3U(db->db.db_size, ==, 1<<dn->dn_phys->dn_inblkshift);
2688     dbuf_check_blkptr(dn, db);
2689     DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
2690
2691     /* Provide the pending dirty record to child dbufs */
2692     db->db_data_pending = dr;
2693
2694     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
2695     dbuf_write(dr, db->db_buf, tx);
2696
2697     zio = dr->dr_zio;
2698     mutex_enter(&dr->dt.di.dr_mtx);
2699     dbuf_sync_list(&dr->dt.di.dr_children, db->db_level - 1, tx);
2700 }

```

```

2702     ASSERT(list_head(&dr->dt.di.dr_children) == NULL);
2703     mutex_exit(&dr->dt.di.dr_mtx);
2704     zio_nowait(zio);
2705 }

2707 static void
2708 dbuf_sync_leaf(dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr, dmu_tx_t *tx)
2709 {
2710     arc_buf_t **datap = &dr->dt.dl.dr_data;
2711     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = dr->dr_dbuf;
2712     dnode_t *dn;
2713     objset_t *os;
2714     uint64_t txg = tx->tx_txg;
2715
2716     ASSERT(dmu_tx_is_syncing(tx));
2717
2718     dprintf_dbuf_bp(db, db->db_blkptr, "blkptr=%p", db->db_blkptr);
2719
2720     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
2721
2722     /*
2723      * To be synced, we must be dirtied. But we
2724      * might have been freed after the dirty.
2725      */
2726     if (db->db_state == DB_UNCACHED) {
2727         /* This buffer has been freed since it was dirtied */
2728         ASSERT(db->db_data == NULL);
2729     } else if (db->db_state == DB_FILL) {
2730         /* This buffer was freed and is now being re-filled */
2731         ASSERT(db->db_data != dr->dt.dl.dr_data);
2732     } else {
2733         ASSERT(db->db_state == DB_CACHED || db->db_state == DB_NOFILL);
2734     }
2735     DBUF_VERIFY(db);
2736
2737     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
2738     dn = DB_DNODE(db);
2739
2740     if (db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID) {
2741         mutex_enter(&dn->dn_mtx);
2742         dn->dn_phys->dn_flags |= DNODE_FLAG_SPILL_BLKPTR;
2743         mutex_exit(&dn->dn_mtx);
2744     }
2745
2746     /*
2747      * If this is a bonus buffer, simply copy the bonus data into the
2748      * dnode. It will be written out when the dnode is synced (and it
2749      * will be synced, since it must have been dirty for dbuf_sync to
2750      * be called).
2751     */
2752     if (db->db_blkid == DMU_BONUS_BLKID) {
2753         dbuf_dirty_record_t **drp;
2754
2755         ASSERT(*datap != NULL);
2756         ASSERT0(db->db_level);
2757         ASSERT3U(dn->dn_phys->dn_bonuslen, <, DN_MAX_BONUSLEN);
2758         bcopy(*datap, DN_BONUS(dn->dn_phys), dn->dn_phys->dn_bonuslen);
2759         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
2760
2761         if (*datap != db->db.db_data) {
2762             zio_buf_free(*datap, DN_MAX_BONUSLEN);
2763             arc_space_return(DN_MAX_BONUSLEN, ARC_SPACE_OTHER);
2764         }
2765         db->db_data_pending = NULL;
2766         drp = &db->db.last_dirty;
2767         while (*drp != dr)
2768             drp = &(*drp)->dr_next;
2769     }

```

```

2768     ASSERT(dr->dr_next == NULL);
2769     ASSERT(dr->dr_dbuf == db);
2770     *drp = dr->dr_next;
2771     kmem_free(dr, sizeof (dbuf_dirty_record_t));
2772     ASSERT(db->db_dirtycnt > 0);
2773     db->db_dirtycnt -= 1;
2774     dbuf_rele_and_unlock(db, (void *)(uintptr_t)txg);
2775     return;
2776 }

2777 os = dn->dn_objset;
2778
2779 /*
2780  * This function may have dropped the db_mtx lock allowing a dmu_sync
2781  * operation to sneak in. As a result, we need to ensure that we
2782  * don't check the dr_override_state until we have returned from
2783  * dbuf_check_blkptr.
2784 */
2785 dbuf_check_blkptr(dn, db);
2786
2787 /*
2788  * If this buffer is in the middle of an immediate write,
2789  * wait for the synchronous IO to complete.
2790 */
2791 while (dr->dt.dl.dr_override_state == DR_IN_DMU_SYNC) {
2792     ASSERT(dn->dn_object != DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT);
2793     cv_wait(&db->db_changed, &db->db_mtx);
2794     ASSERT(dr->dt.dl.dr_override_state != DR_NOT_OVERRIDDEN);
2795 }
2796
2797 if (db->db_state != DB_NOFILL &&
2798     dn->dn_object != DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT &&
2799     refcount_count(&db->db_holds) > 1 &&
2800     dr->dt.dl.dr_override_state != DR_OVERRIDDEN &&
2801     *datap == db->db_buf) {
2802     /*
2803      * If this buffer is currently "in use" (i.e., there
2804      * are active holds and db_data still references it),
2805      * then make a copy before we start the write so that
2806      * any modifications from the open txg will not leak
2807      * into this write.
2808      *
2809      * NOTE: this copy does not need to be made for
2810      * objects only modified in the syncing context (e.g.
2811      * DNONE_DNODE blocks).
2812      */
2813     int blksz = arc_buf_size(*datap);
2814     arc_buf_contents_t type = DBUF_GET_BUFC_TYPE(db);
2815     *datap = arc_buf_alloc(os->os_spa, blksz, db, type);
2816     bcopy(db->db.db_data, (*datap)->b_data, blksz);
2817 }
2818 db->db_data_pending = dr;
2819
2820 mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
2821
2822 dbuf_write(dr, *datap, tx);
2823
2824 ASSERT(!list_link_active(&dr->dr_dirty_node));
2825 if (dn->dn_object == DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT) {
2826     list_insert_tail(&dn->dn_dirty_records[txg&TXG_MASK], dr);
2827     DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
2828 } else {
2829     /*
2830      * Although zio_nowait() does not "wait for an IO", it does
2831      * initiate the IO. If this is an empty write it seems plausible
2832      * that the IO could actually be completed before the nowait
2833 
```

```

2834         * returns. We need to DB_DNODE_EXIT() first in case
2835         * zio_nowait() invalidates the dbuf.
2836         */
2837         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
2838         zio_nowait(dr->dr_zio);
2839     }
2840 }
2841 void
2842 dbuf_sync_list(list_t *list, int level, dmux_tx_t *tx)
2843 {
2844     dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr;
2845
2846     while (dr = list_head(list)) {
2847         if (dr->dr_zio != NULL) {
2848             /*
2849             * If we find an already initialized zio then we
2850             * are processing the meta-dnode, and we have finished.
2851             * The dbufs for all dnodes are put back on the list
2852             * during processing, so that we can zio_wait()
2853             * these IOs after initiating all child IOs.
2854             */
2855             ASSERT3U(dr->dr_dbuf->db.db_object, ==,
2856                     DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT);
2857             break;
2858         }
2859         if (dr->dr_dbuf->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID &&
2860             dr->dr_dbuf->db_blkid != DMU_SPILL_BLKID) {
2861             VERIFY3U(dr->dr_dbuf->db_level, ==, level);
2862         }
2863         list_remove(list, dr);
2864         if (dr->dr_dbuf->db_level > 0)
2865             dbuf_sync_indirect(dr, tx);
2866         else
2867             dbuf_sync_leaf(dr, tx);
2868     }
2869 }
2870 /* ARGSUSED */
2871 static void
2872 dbuf_write_ready(zio_t *zio, arc_buf_t *buf, void *vdb)
2873 {
2874     dmux_buf_impl_t *db = vdb;
2875     dnode_t *dn;
2876     blkptr_t *bp = zio->io_bp;
2877     blkptr_t *bp_orig = &zio->io_bp_orig;
2878     spa_t *spa = zio->io_spa;
2879     int64_t delta;
2880     uint64_t fill = 0;
2881     int i;
2882
2883     ASSERT3P(db->db_blkptr, ==, bp);
2884
2885     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
2886     dn = DB_DNODE(db);
2887     delta = bp_get_dsize_sync(spa, bp) - bp_get_dsize_sync(spa, bp_orig);
2888     dnode_diduse_space(dn, delta - zio->io_prev_space_delta);
2889     zio->io_prev_space_delta = delta;
2890
2891     if (bp->blk_birth != 0) {
2892         ASSERT((db->db_blkid != DMU_SPILL_BLKID &&
2893                 BP_GET_TYPE(bp) == dn->dn_type) ||
2894                 (db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID &&
2895                 BP_GET_TYPE(bp) == dn->dn_bonustype) ||
2896                 BP_IS_EMBEDDED(bp));
2897         ASSERT(BP_GET_LEVEL(bp) == db->db_level);
2898     }
2899 }
```

```

2900     }
2901     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
2902
2903 #ifdef ZFS_DEBUG
2904     if (db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID) {
2905         ASSERT(dn->dn_phys->dn_flags & DNODE_FLAG_SPILL_BLKPTR);
2906         ASSERT(!BP_IS_HOLE(db->db_blkptr)) &&
2907             db->db_blkptr == &dn->dn_phys->dn_spill);
2908     }
2909 #endif
2910
2911     if (db->db_level == 0) {
2912         mutex_enter(&dn->dn_mtx);
2913         if (db->db_blkid > dn->dn_phys->dn_maxblkid &&
2914             db->db_blkid != DMU_SPILL_BLKID)
2915             dn->dn_phys->dn_maxblkid = db->db_blkid;
2916         mutex_exit(&dn->dn_mtx);
2917
2918         if (dn->dn_type == DMU_OT_DNODE) {
2919             dnode_phys_t *dnp = db->db.db_data;
2920             for (i = db->db.db_size >> DNODE_SHIFT; i > 0;
2921                  i--, dnp++) {
2922                 if (dnp->dn_type != DMU_OT_NONE)
2923                     fill++;
2924             }
2925         } else {
2926             if (BP_IS_HOLE(bp)) {
2927                 fill = 0;
2928             } else {
2929                 fill = 1;
2930             }
2931         }
2932     } else {
2933         blkptr_t *ibp = db->db.db_data;
2934         ASSERT3U(db->db.db_size, ==, 1<<dn->dn_phys->dn_inblkshift);
2935         for (i = db->db.db_size >> SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT; i > 0; i--, ibp++) {
2936             if (BP_IS_HOLE(ibp))
2937                 continue;
2938             fill += BP_GET_FILL(ibp);
2939         }
2940     }
2941     DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
2942
2943     if (!BP_IS_EMBEDDED(bp))
2944         bp->blk_fill = fill;
2945
2946     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
2947
2948 }
2949 /*
2950  * The SPA will call this callback several times for each zio - once
2951  * for every physical child i/o (zio->io_phys_children times). This
2952  * allows the DMU to monitor the progress of each logical i/o. For example,
2953  * there may be 2 copies of an indirect block, or many fragments of a RAID-Z
2954  * block. There may be a long delay before all copies/fragments are completed,
2955  * so this callback allows us to retire dirty space gradually, as the physical
2956  * i/os complete.
2957 */
2958 /* ARGSUSED */
2959 static void
2960 dbuf_write_physdone(zio_t *zio, arc_buf_t *buf, void *arg)
2961 {
2962     dmux_buf_impl_t *db = arg;
2963     objset_t *os = db->db_objset;
2964     dsl_pool_t *dp = dmux_objset_pool(os);
2965 }
```

```

2966     dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr;
2967     int delta = 0;
2968
2969     dr = db->db_data_pending;
2970     ASSERT3U(dr->dr_txg, ==, zio->io_txg);
2971
2972     /*
2973      * The callback will be called io_phys_children times. Retire one
2974      * portion of our dirty space each time we are called. Any rounding
2975      * error will be cleaned up by dsl_pool_sync()'s call to
2976      * dsl_pool_undirty_space().
2977     */
2978     delta = dr->dr_accounted / zio->io_phys_children;
2979     dsl_pool_undirty_space(dp, delta, zio->io_txg);
2980 }
2981
2982 /* ARGSUSED */
2983 static void
2984 dbuf_write_done(zio_t *zio, arc_buf_t *buf, void *vdb)
2985 {
2986     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = vdb;
2987     blkptr_t *bp_orig = &zio->io_bp_orig;
2988     blkptr_t *bp = db->db_blkptr;
2989     objset_t *os = db->db_objset;
2990     dmu_tx_t *tx = os->os_synctx;
2991     dbuf_dirty_record_t **drp, *dr;
2992
2993     ASSERT0(zio->io_error);
2994     ASSERT(db->db_blkptr == bp);
2995
2996     /*
2997      * For nopwrites and rewrites we ensure that the bp matches our
2998      * original and bypass all the accounting.
2999     */
3000     if (zio->io_flags & (ZIO_FLAG_IO_REWRITE | ZIO_FLAG_NOPWRITE)) {
3001         ASSERT(BP_EQUAL(bp, bp_orig));
3002     } else {
3003         dsl_dataset_t *ds = os->os_dsl_dataset;
3004         (void) dsl_dataset_block_kill(ds, bp_orig, tx, B_TRUE);
3005         dsl_dataset_block_born(ds, bp, tx);
3006     }
3007
3008     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
3009
3010     DBUF_VERIFY(db);
3011
3012     drp = &db->db_last_dirty;
3013     while ((dr = *drp) != db->db_data_pending)
3014         drp = &dr->dr_next;
3015     ASSERT(!list_link_active(&dr->dr_dirty_node));
3016     ASSERT(dr->dr_dbuf == db);
3017     ASSERT(dr->dr_next == NULL);
3018     *drp = dr->dr_next;
3019
3020 #ifdef ZFS_DEBUG
3021     if (db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID) {
3022         dnode_t *dn;
3023
3024         DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
3025         dn = DB_DNODE(db);
3026         ASSERT(dn->dn_phys->dn_flags & DNODE_FLAG_SPILL_BLKPTR);
3027         ASSERT(!(BP_IS_HOLE(db->db_blkptr)) &&
3028                db->db_blkptr == &dn->dn_phys->dn_spill);
3029         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
3030     }
3031 #endif

```

```

3032     if (db->db_level == 0) {
3033         ASSERT(db->db_blkid != DMU_BONUS_BLKID);
3034         ASSERT(dr->dt.dl.dr_override_state == DR_NOT_OVERRIDDEN);
3035         if (db->db_state != DB_NOFILL) {
3036             if (dr->dt.dl.dr_data != db->db_buf)
3037                 VERIFY(arc_buf_remove_ref(dr->dt.dl.dr_data,
3038                                            db));
3039             else if (!arc_released(db->db_buf))
3040                 arc_set_callback(db->db_buf, dbuf_do_evict, db);
3041         }
3042     } else {
3043         dnode_t *dn;
3044
3045         DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
3046         dn = DB_DNODE(db);
3047         ASSERT(list_head(&dr->dt.di.dr_children) == NULL);
3048         ASSERT3U(db->db.db_size, ==, 1 << dn->dn_phys->dn_inblkshift);
3049         if (!BP_IS_HOLE(db->db_blkptr)) {
3050             int epbs =
3051                 dn->dn_phys->dn_inblkshift - SPA_BLKPTRSHIFT;
3052             ASSERT3U(db->db_blkid, ==,
3053                      dn->dn_phys->dn_maxblkid >> (db->db_level * epbs));
3054             ASSERT3U(BP_GET_LSIZE(db->db_blkptr), ==,
3055                      db->db_size);
3056             if (!arc_released(db->db_buf))
3057                 arc_set_callback(db->db_buf, dbuf_do_evict, db);
3058         }
3059         DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
3060         mutex_destroy(&dr->dt.di.dr_mtx);
3061         list_destroy(&dr->dt.di.dr_children);
3062     }
3063     kmem_free(dr, sizeof (dbuf_dirty_record_t));
3064
3065     cv_broadcast(&db->db_changed);
3066     ASSERT(db->db_dirtycnt > 0);
3067     db->db_dirtycnt -= 1;
3068     db->db_data_pending = NULL;
3069     dbuf_rele_and_unlock(db, (void *)(uintptr_t)tx->tx_txg);
3070
3071 }
3072
3073 static void
3074 dbuf_write_nofill_ready(zio_t *zio)
3075 {
3076     dbuf_write_ready(zio, NULL, zio->io_private);
3077 }
3078
3079 static void
3080 dbuf_write_nofill_done(zio_t *zio)
3081 {
3082     dbuf_write_done(zio, NULL, zio->io_private);
3083 }
3084
3085 static void
3086 dbuf_write_override_ready(zio_t *zio)
3087 {
3088     dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr = zio->io_private;
3089     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = dr->dr_dbuf;
3090
3091     dbuf_write_ready(zio, NULL, db);
3092 }
3093
3094 static void
3095 dbuf_write_override_done(zio_t *zio)
3096 {
3097     dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr = zio->io_private;

```

```

3098     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = dr->dr_dbuf;
3099     blkptr_t *obp = &dr->dt.dl.dr_overridden_by;
3100
3101     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
3102     if (!BP_EQUAL(zio->io_bp, obp)) {
3103         if (!BP_IS_HOLE(obp))
3104             dsl_free(spa_get_dsl(zio->io_spa), zio->io_txg, obp);
3105         arc_release(dr->dt.dl.dr_data, db);
3106     }
3107     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
3108
3109     dbuf_write_done(zio, NULL, db);
3110 }
3111 /* Issue I/O to commit a dirty buffer to disk. */
3112 static void
3113 dbuf_write(dbuf_dirty_record_t *dr, arc_buf_t *data, dmux_tx_t *tx)
3114 {
3115     dmu_buf_impl_t *db = dr->dr_dbuf;
3116     dnode_t *dn;
3117     objset_t *os;
3118     dmu_buf_impl_t *parent = db->db_parent;
3119     uint64_t txg = tx->tx_txg;
3120     zbookmark_phys_t zbp;
3121     zio_prop_t zp;
3122     zio_t *zio;
3123     int wp_flag = 0;
3124
3125     DB_DNODE_ENTER(db);
3126     dn = DB_DNODE(db);
3127     os = dn->dn_objset;
3128
3129     if (db->db_state != DB_NOFILL) {
3130         if (db->db_level > 0 || dn->dn_type == DMU_OT_DNODE) {
3131             /*
3132             * Private object buffers are released here rather
3133             * than in dbuf_dirty() since they are only modified
3134             * in the syncing context and we don't want the
3135             * overhead of making multiple copies of the data.
3136             */
3137             if (BP_IS_HOLE(db->db_blkptr)) {
3138                 arc_buf_thaw(data);
3139             } else {
3140                 dbuf_release_bp(db);
3141             }
3142         }
3143     }
3144
3145     if (parent != dn->dn_dbuf) {
3146         /*
3147         * Our parent is an indirect block.
3148         * We have a dirty parent that has been scheduled for write.
3149         */
3150         ASSERT(parent && parent->db_data_pending);
3151         /*
3152         * Our parent's buffer is one level closer to the dnode.
3153         */
3154         ASSERT(db->db_level == parent->db_level-1);
3155
3156         /*
3157         * We're about to modify our parent's db_data by modifying
3158         * our block pointer, so the parent must be released.
3159         */
3160         ASSERT(arc_released(parent->db_buf));
3161         zio = parent->db_data_pending->dr_zio;
3162     } else {
3163         /*
3164         * Our parent is the dnode itself.
3165         */
3166         ASSERT((db->db_level == dn->dn_phys->dn_nlevels-1 &&
3167                db->db_blkid != DMU_SPILL_BLKID) ||
3168                (db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID && db->db_level == 0));
3169         if (db->db_blkid != DMU_SPILL_BLKID)
3170
3171
3172
3173
3174
3175
3176
3177
3178
3179
3180
3181
3182
3183
3184
3185
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3204
3205
3206
3207
3208
3209
3210
3211
3212
3213
3214
3215
3216
3217 }
```

```

3164     ASSERT3P(db->db_blkptr, ==,
3165               &dn->dn_phys->dn_blkptr[db->db_blkid]);
3166     zio = dn->dn_zio;
3167 }
3168
3169 ASSERT(db->db_level == 0 || data == db->db_buf);
3170 ASSERT3U(db->db_blkptr->blk_birth, <=, txg);
3171 ASSERT(zio);
3172
3173 SET_BOOKMARK(&zbp, os->os_dsl_dataset ?
3174               os->os_dsl_dataset->ds_object : DMU_META_OBJSET,
3175               db->db_db_object, db->db_level, db->db_blkid);
3176
3177 if (db->db_blkid == DMU_SPILL_BLKID)
3178     wp_flag = WP_SPILL;
3179 wp_flag |= (db->db_state == DB_NOFILL) ? WP_NOFILL : 0;
3180
3181 dmu_write_policy(os, dn, db->db_level, wp_flag, &zp);
3182 DB_DNODE_EXIT(db);
3183
3184 if (db->db_level == 0 &&
3185     dr->dt.dl.dr_override_state == DR_OVERRIDDEN) {
3186     /*
3187     * The BP for this block has been provided by open context
3188     * (by dmu_sync() or dmu_buf_write_embedded()).
3189     */
3190     void *contents = (data != NULL) ? data->b_data : NULL;
3191
3192     dr->dr_zio = zio_write(zio, os->os_spa, txg,
3193                             db->db_blkptr, contents, db->db.db_size, &zp,
3194                             dbuf_write_override_ready, NULL, dbuf_write_override_done,
3195                             dr, ZIO_PRIORITY_ASYNC_WRITE, ZIO_FLAG_MUSTSUCCEED, &zbp);
3196     mutex_enter(&db->db_mtx);
3197     dr->dt.dl.dr_override_state = DR_NOT_OVERRIDDEN;
3198     zio_write_override(dr->dr_zio, &dr->dt.dl.dr_overridden_by,
3199                        dr->dt.dl.dr_copies, dr->dt.dl.dr_nopwrite);
3200     mutex_exit(&db->db_mtx);
3201 } else if (db->db_state == DB_NOFILL) {
3202     ASSERT(zp.zp_checksum == ZIO_CHECKSUM_OFF ||
3203           zp.zp_checksum == ZIO_CHECKSUM_NOPARITY);
3204     dr->dr_zio = zio_write(zio, os->os_spa, txg,
3205                             db->db_blkptr, NULL, db->db.db_size, &zp,
3206                             dbuf_write_no_fill_ready, NULL, dbuf_write_no_fill_done, db,
3207                             ZIO_PRIORITY_ASYNC_WRITE,
3208                             ZIO_FLAG_MUSTSUCCEED | ZIO_FLAG_NODATA, &zbp);
3209 } else {
3210     ASSERT(arc_released(data));
3211     dr->dr_zio = arc_write(zio, os->os_spa, txg,
3212                             db->db_blkptr, data, DBUF_IS_L2CACHEABLE(db),
3213                             DBUF_IS_L2COMPRESSIBLE(db), &zp, dbuf_write_ready,
3214                             dbuf_write_physdone, dbuf_write_done, db,
3215                             ZIO_PRIORITY_ASYNC_WRITE, ZIO_FLAG_MUSTSUCCEED, &zbp);
3216 }
3217 }
```

```
*****
57616 Wed Apr 6 14:26:56 2016
new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/dnode.c
patch first-pass
*****
unchanged_portion_omitted_
1055 /*
1056  * errors:
1057  * EINVAL - invalid object number.
1058  * EIO - i/o error.
1059  * succeeds even for free dnodes.
1060 */
1061 int
1062 dnode_hold_impl(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, int flag,
1063 	void *tag, dnode_t **dnp)
1064 {
1065 	int epb, idx, err;
1066 	int drop_struct_lock = FALSE;
1067 	int type;
1068 	uint64_t blk;
1069 	dnode_t *mdn, *dn;
1070 	dmu_buf_impl_t *db;
1071 	dnode_children_t *children_dnodes;
1072 	dnode_handle_t *dnh;
1073
1074 /*
1075  * If you are holding the spa config lock as writer, you shouldn't
1076  * be asking the DMU to do *anything* unless it's the root pool
1077  * which may require us to read from the root filesystem while
1078  * holding some (not all) of the locks as writer.
1079 */
1080 ASSERT(spa_config_held(os->os_spa, SCL_ALL, RW_WRITER) == 0 ||
1081 	(spa_is_root(os->os_spa) &&
1082 	spa_config_held(os->os_spa, SCL_STATE, RW_WRITER)));
1083
1084 if (object == DMU_USERUSED_OBJECT || object == DMU_GROUPUSED_OBJECT) {
1085 	dn = (object == DMU_USERUSED_OBJECT) ?
1086 	DMU_USERUSED_DNODE(os) : DMU_GROUPUSED_DNODE(os);
1087 	if (dn == NULL)
1088 	return (SET_ERROR(ENOENT));
1089 	type = dn->dn_type;
1090 	if ((flag & DNODE_MUST_BE_ALLOCATED) && type == DMU_OT_NONE)
1091 	return (SET_ERROR(ENOENT));
1092 	if ((flag & DNODE_MUST_BE_FREE) && type != DMU_OT_NONE)
1093 	return (SET_ERROR(EEXIST));
1094 	DNODE_VERIFY(dn);
1095 	(void) refcount_add(&dn->dn_holds, tag);
1096 	*dnp = dn;
1097 	return (0);
1098 }
1099
1100 if (object == 0 || object >= DN_MAX_OBJECT)
1101 return (SET_ERROR(EINVAL));
1102
1103 mdn = DMU_META_DNODE(os);
1104 ASSERT(mdn->dn_object == DMU_META_DNODE_OBJECT);
1105
1106 DNODE_VERIFY(mdn);
1107
1108 if (!RW_WRITE_HELD(&mdn->dn_struct_rwlock)) {
1109 	rw_enter(&mdn->dn_struct_rwlock, RW_READER);
1110 	drop_struct_lock = TRUE;
1111 }
1112
1113 blk = dbuf_whichblock(mdn, 0, object * sizeof (dnode_phys_t));
```

```
1115 	db = dbuf_hold(mdn, blk, FTAG);
1116 	if (drop_struct_lock)
1117 	rw_exit(&mdn->dn_struct_rwlock);
1118 	if (db == NULL)
1119 	return (SET_ERROR(EIO));
1120 	err = dbuf_read(db, NULL, DB_RF_CANFAIL);
1121 	if (err) {
1122 	dbuf_rele(db, FTAG);
1123 	return (err);
1124 }
1125
1126 ASSERT3U(db->db.db_size, >=, 1<<DNODE_SHIFT);
1127 epb = db->db.db_size >> DNODE_SHIFT;
1128
1129 idx = object & (epb-1);
1130
1131 ASSERT(DB_DNODE(db)->dn_type == DMU_OT_DNODE);
1132 children_dnodes = dmu_buf_get_user(&db->db);
1133 if (children_dnodes == NULL) {
1134 	int i;
1135 	dnode_children_t *winner;
1136 	children_dnodes = kmem_zalloc(sizeof (dnode_children_t) +
1137 	epb * sizeof (dnode_handle_t), KM_SLEEP);
1138 	children_dnodes->dnc_count = epb;
1139 	dnh = &children_dnodes->dnc_children[0];
1140 	for (i = 0; i < epb; i++) {
1141 	zrl_init(&dn->dn_zrlock);
1142 }
1143 dmu_buf_init_user(&children_dnodes->dnc_dbu, NULL,
1144 dmu_buf_init_user(&children_dnodes->dnc_dbu,
1145 	dnode_buf_pageout, NULL);
1146 winner = dmu_buf_set_user(&db->db, &children_dnodes->dnc_dbu);
1147 if (winner != NULL) {
1148 	for (i = 0; i < epb; i++) {
1149 	zrl_destroy(&dn->dn_zrlock);
1150 }
1151
1152 kmem_free(children_dnodes, sizeof (dnode_children_t) +
1153 	epb * sizeof (dnode_handle_t));
1154 children_dnodes = winner;
1155 }
1156
1157 ASSERT(children_dnodes->dnc_count == epb);
1158
1159 dnh = &children_dnodes->dnc_children[idx];
1160 zrl_add(&dn->dn_zrlock);
1161 dn = dn->dn_dnode;
1162 if (dn == NULL) {
1163 	dnode_phys_t *phys = (dnode_phys_t *)db->db.db_data+idx;
1164
1165 dn = dnode_create(os, phys, db, object, dnh);
1166 }
1167
1168 mutex_enter(&dn->dn_mtx);
1169 type = dn->dn_type;
1170 if (dn->dn_free_txg ||
1171 	((flag & DNODE_MUST_BE_ALLOCATED) && type == DMU_OT_NONE) ||
1172 	((flag & DNODE_MUST_BE_FREE) &&
1173 	(type != DMU_OT_NONE || !refcount_is_zero(&dn->dn_holds))) {
1174 	mutex_exit(&dn->dn_mtx);
1175 	zrl_remove(&dn->dn_zrlock);
1176 	dbuf_rele(db, FTAG);
1177
1178 return (type == DMU_OT_NONE ? ENOENT : EEXIST);
1179 }
```

```
1179     if (refcount_add(&dn->dn_holds, tag) == 1)
1180         dbuf_add_ref(db, dnh);
1181     mutex_exit(&dn->dn_mtx);
1183     /* Now we can rely on the hold to prevent the dnode from moving. */
1184     zrl_remove(&dn->dn_zrllock);
1186     DNODE_VERIFY(dn);
1187     ASSERT3P(dn->dn_dbuf, ==, db);
1188     ASSERT3U(dn->dn_object, ==, object);
1189     dbuf_rele(db, FTAG);
1191     *dnp = dn;
1192     return (0);
1193 }
```

unchanged portion omitted

new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/dsl\_dataset.c

\*\*\*\*\*  
101251 Wed Apr 6 14:26:56 2016  
new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/dsl\_dataset.c  
patch first-pass  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\_\_\_\_\_ unchanged\_portion\_omitted \_\_\_\_\_

```
272 static void
273 dsl_dataset_evict_prep(void *dbuf)
274 {
275     dsl_dataset_t *ds = dbuf;
276
277     ASSERT(ds->ds_owner == NULL);
278
279     unique_remove(ds->ds_fsid_guid);
280 }
281
282 static void
283 #endif /* ! codereview */
284 dsl_dataset_evict(void *dbuf)
285 {
286     dsl_dataset_t *ds = dbuf;
287
288     ASSERT(ds->ds_owner == NULL);
289
290     ds->ds_dbuf = NULL;
291
292     unique_remove(ds->ds_fsid_guid);
293
294     if (ds->ds_objset != NULL)
295         dmu_objset_evict(ds->ds_objset);
296
297     if (ds->ds_prev) {
298         dsl_dataset_rele(ds->ds_prev, ds);
299         ds->ds_prev = NULL;
300     }
301
302     bplist_destroy(&ds->ds_pending_deadlist);
303     if (ds->ds_deadlist.dl_os != NULL)
304         dsl_deadlist_close(&ds->ds_deadlist);
305     if (ds->ds_dir)
306         dsl_dir_async_rele(ds->ds_dir, ds);
307
308     ASSERT(!list_link_active(&ds->ds_synced_link));
309
310     list_destroy(&ds->ds_prop_cbs);
311     mutex_destroy(&ds->ds_lock);
312     mutex_destroy(&ds->ds_opening_lock);
313     mutex_destroy(&ds->ds_sendstream_lock);
314     refcount_destroy(&ds->ds_longholds);
315 }
316
317 kmem_free(ds, sizeof (dsl_dataset_t));
318
319 _____ unchanged_portion_omitted _____
320
321 int
322 dsl_dataset_hold_obj(dsl_pool_t *dp, uint64_t dsobj, void *tag,
323                      dsl_dataset_t **dsp)
324 {
325     objset_t *mos = dp->dp_meta_objset;
326     dmu_buf_t *dbuf;
327     dsl_dataset_t *ds;
328     int err;
329     dmu_object_info_t doi;
330
331     ASSERT(dsl_pool_config_held(dp));
```

1

new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/dsl\_dataset.c

```
419     err = dmu_bonus_hold(mos, dsobj, tag, &dbuf);
420     if (err != 0)
421         return (err);
422
423     /* Make sure dsobj has the correct object type. */
424     dmu_object_info_from_db(dbuf, &doi);
425     if (doi.doi_bonus_type != DMU_OT_DSL_DATASET) {
426         dmu_buf_rele(dbuf, tag);
427         return (SET_ERROR(EINVAL));
428     }
429
430     ds = dmu_buf_get_user(dbuf);
431     if (ds == NULL) {
432         dsl_dataset_t *winner = NULL;
433
434         ds = kmalloc(sizeof (dsl_dataset_t), KM_SLEEP);
435         ds->ds_dbuf = dbuf;
436         ds->ds_object = dsobj;
437         ds->ds_is_snapshot = dsl_dataset_phys(ds)->ds_num_children != 0;
438
439         mutex_init(&ds->ds_lock, NULL, MUTEX_DEFAULT, NULL);
440         mutex_init(&ds->ds_opening_lock, NULL, MUTEX_DEFAULT, NULL);
441         mutex_init(&ds->ds_sendstream_lock, NULL, MUTEX_DEFAULT, NULL);
442         refcount_create(&ds->ds_longholds);
443
444         bplist_create(&ds->ds_pending_deadlist);
445         dsl_deadlist_open(&ds->ds_deadlist,
446                           mos, dsl_dataset_phys(ds)->ds_deadlist_obj);
447
448         list_create(&ds->ds_sendstreams, sizeof (dmu_sendarg_t),
449                     offsetof(dmu_sendarg_t, dsa_link));
450
451         list_create(&ds->ds_prop_cbs, sizeof (dsl_prop_cb_record_t),
452                     offsetof(dsl_prop_cb_record_t, cbr_ds_node));
453
454         if (doi.doi_type == DMU_OTN_ZAP_METADATA) {
455             for (spa_feature_t f = 0; f < SPA_FEATURES; f++) {
456                 if (!(spa_feature_table[f].fi_flags &
457                       ZFEATURE_FLAG_PER_DATASET))
458                     continue;
459                 err = zap_contains(mos, dsobj,
460                                   spa_feature_table[f].fi_guid);
461                 if (err == 0) {
462                     ds->ds_feature_inuse[f] = B_TRUE;
463                 } else {
464                     ASSERT3U(err, ==, ENOENT);
465                     err = 0;
466                 }
467             }
468         }
469
470         err = dsl_dir_hold_obj(dp,
471                               dsl_dataset_phys(ds)->ds_dir_obj, NULL, ds, &ds->ds_dir);
472         if (err != 0) {
473             mutex_destroy(&ds->ds_lock);
474             mutex_destroy(&ds->ds_opening_lock);
475             mutex_destroy(&ds->ds_sendstream_lock);
476             refcount_destroy(&ds->ds_longholds);
477             bplist_destroy(&ds->ds_pending_deadlist);
478             dsl_deadlist_close(&ds->ds_deadlist);
479             kmem_free(ds, sizeof (dsl_dataset_t));
480             dmu_buf_rele(dbuf, tag);
481         }
482     }
```

2

```

484     if (!ds->ds_is_snapshot) {
485         ds->ds_snapname[0] = '\0';
486         if (dsl_dataset_phys(ds)->ds_prev_snap_obj != 0) {
487             err = dsl_dataset_hold_obj(dp,
488                                         dsl_dataset_phys(ds)->ds_prev_snap_obj,
489                                         ds, &ds->ds_prev);
490         }
491         if (doi.doi_type == DMU_OTN_ZAP_METADATA) {
492             int zaperr = zap_lookup(mos, ds->ds_object,
493                                     DS_FIELD_BOOKMARK_NAMES,
494                                     sizeof (ds->ds_bookmarks), 1,
495                                     &ds->ds_bookmarks);
496             if (zaperr != ENOENT)
497                 VERIFY0(zaperr);
498         } else {
499             if (zfs_flags & ZFS_DEBUG_SNAPNAMES)
500                 err = dsl_dataset_get_snapname(ds);
501             if (err == 0 &&
502                 dsl_dataset_phys(ds)->ds_userrefs_obj != 0) {
503                 err = zap_count(
504                     ds->ds_dir->dd_pool->dp_meta_objset,
505                     dsl_dataset_phys(ds)->ds_userrefs_obj,
506                     &ds->ds_userrefs);
507             }
508         }
509     }
510
511     if (err == 0 && !ds->ds_is_snapshot) {
512         err = dsl_prop_get_int_ds(ds,
513                                   zfs_prop_to_name(ZFS_PROP_REFRESERVATION),
514                                   &ds->ds_reserved);
515         if (err == 0) {
516             err = dsl_prop_get_int_ds(ds,
517                                   zfs_prop_to_name(ZFS_PROP_REFQUOTA),
518                                   &ds->ds_quota);
519         } else {
520             ds->ds_reserved = ds->ds_quota = 0;
521         }
522     }
523
524     dmu_buf_init_user(&ds->ds_dbu, dsl_dataset_evict_prep,
525                       dsl_dataset_evict, &ds->ds_dbuf);
526     dmu_buf_init_user(&ds->ds_dbu, dsl_dataset_evict, &ds->ds_dbuf);
527     if (err == 0)
528         winner = dmu_buf_set_user_ie(dbuff, &ds->ds_dbu);
529
530     if (err != 0 || winner != NULL) {
531         bplist_destroy(&ds->ds_pending_deadlist);
532         dsl_deadlist_close(&ds->ds_deadlist);
533         if (ds->ds_prev)
534             dsl_dataset_rele(ds->ds_prev, ds);
535         dsl_dir_rele(ds->ds_dir, ds);
536         mutex_destroy(&ds->ds_lock);
537         mutex_destroy(&ds->ds_opening_lock);
538         mutex_destroy(&ds->ds_sendstream_lock);
539         refcount_destroy(&ds->ds_longholds);
540         kmem_free(ds, sizeof (dsl_dataset_t));
541         if (err != 0) {
542             dmu_buf_rele(dbuff, tag);
543             return (err);
544         }
545         ds = winner;
546     } else {
547         ds->ds_fsid_guid =
548             unique_insert(dsl_dataset_phys(ds)->ds_fsid_guid);
549     }

```

```

549     }
550     ASSERT3P(ds->ds_dbuf, ==, dbuff);
551     ASSERT3P(dsl_dataset_phys(ds), ==, dbuff->db_data);
552     ASSERT(dsl_dataset_phys(ds)->ds_prev_snap_obj != 0 ||
553            spa_version(dp->dp_spa) < SPA_VERSION_ORIGIN ||
554            dp->dp_origin_snap == NULL || ds == dp->dp_origin_snap);
555     *dsp = ds;
556     return (0);
557 }

```

*unchanged portion omitted*

new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/dsl\_dir.c

\*\*\*\*\*  
5659 Wed Apr 6 14:26:57 2016  
new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/dsl\_dir.c

patch first-pass

\*\*\*\*\*  
\_\_\_\_\_ unchanged\_portion\_omitted \_\_\_\_\_

```
155 int
156 dsl_dir_hold_obj(dsl_pool_t *dp, uint64_t ddobj,
157         const char *tail, void *tag, dsl_dir_t **ddp)
158 {
159     dmu_buf_t *dbuf;
160     dsl_dir_t *dd;
161     int err;
163
164     ASSERT(dsl_pool_config_held(dp));
165
166     err = dmu_bonus_hold(dp->dp_meta_objset, ddobj, tag, &dbuf);
167     if (err != 0)
168         return (err);
169     dd = dmu_buf_get_user(dbuf);
170
171     dmu_object_info_t doi;
172     dmu_object_info_from_db(dbuf, &doi);
173     ASSERT3U(doi.doi_bonus_type, ==, DMU_OT_DSL_DIR);
174     ASSERT3U(doi.doi_bonus_size, >, sizeof (dsl_dir_phys_t));
175 }
176 #endif
177 if (dd == NULL) {
178     dsl_dir_t *winner;
179
180     dd = kmem_zalloc(sizeof (dsl_dir_t), KM_SLEEP);
181     dd->dd_object = ddobj;
182     dd->dd_dbuf = dbuf;
183     dd->dd_pool = dp;
184     mutex_init(&dd->dd_lock, NULL, MUTEX_DEFAULT, NULL);
185     dsl_prop_init(dd);
187
188     dsl_dir_snap_cmtime_update(dd);
189
190     if (dsl_dir_phys(dd)->dd_parent_obj) {
191         err = dsl_dir_hold_obj(dp,
192             dsl_dir_phys(dd)->dd_parent_obj, NULL, dd,
193             &dd->dd_parent);
194         if (err != 0)
195             goto errout;
196     }
197 #ifdef ZFS_DEBUG
198     uint64_t foundobj;
199
200     err = zap_lookup(dp->dp_meta_objset,
201         dsl_dir_phys(dd)->dd_parent)->
202         dd_child_dir_zapobj, tail,
203         sizeof (foundobj), 1, &foundobj);
204     ASSERT(err || foundobj == ddobj);
205
206     (void) strcpy(dd->dd_myname, tail);
207 } else {
208     err = zap_value_search(dp->dp_meta_objset,
209         dsl_dir_phys(dd)->dd_parent)->
210         dd_child_dir_zapobj,
211         ddobj, 0, dd->dd_myname);
212
213     if (err != 0)
214         goto errout;
```

1

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```
214             } else {
215                 (void) strcpy(dd->dd_myname, spa_name(dp->dp_spa));
216             }
218             if (dsl_dir_is_clone(dd)) {
219                 dmu_buf_t *origin_bonus;
220                 dsl_dataset_phys_t *origin_phys;
222
223             /*
224             * We can't open the origin dataset, because
225             * that would require opening this dsl_dir.
226             * Just look at its phys directly instead.
227             */
228             err = dmu_bonus_hold(dp->dp_meta_objset,
229                 dsl_dir_phys(dd)->dd_origin_obj, FTAG,
230                 &origin_bonus);
231             if (err != 0)
232                 goto errout;
233             origin_phys = origin_bonus->db_data;
234             dd->dd_origin_txg =
235                 origin_phys->ds_creation_txg;
236             dmu_buf_rele(origin_bonus, FTAG);
237
238             dmu_buf_init_user(&dd->dd_dbu, NULL, dsl_dir_evict,
239                 &dd->dd_dbuf);
240             dmu_buf_init_user(&dd->dd_dbu, dsl_dir_evict, &dd->dd_dbuf);
241             winner = dmu_buf_set_user_ie(dbuf, &dd->dd_dbu);
242             if (winner != NULL) {
243                 if (dd->dd_parent)
244                     dsl_dir_rele(dd->dd_parent, dd);
245                 dsl_prop_fini(dd);
246                 mutex_destroy(&dd->dd_lock);
247                 kmem_free(dd, sizeof (dsl_dir_t));
248                 dd = winner;
249             } else {
250                 spa_open_ref(dp->dp_spa, dd);
251             }
252
253             /*
254             * The dsl_dir_t has both open-to-close and instantiate-to-evict
255             * holds on the spa. We need the open-to-close holds because
256             * otherwise the spa_refcnt wouldn't change when we open a
257             * dir which the spa also has open, so we could incorrectly
258             * think it was OK to unload/export/destroy the pool. We need
259             * the instantiate-to-evict hold because the dsl_dir_t has a
260             * pointer to the dd_pool, which has a pointer to the spa_t.
261             */
262             spa_open_ref(dp->dp_spa, tag);
263             ASSERT3P(dd->dd_pool, ==, dp);
264             ASSERT3U(dd->dd_object, ==, ddobj);
265             ASSERT3P(dd->dd_dbuf, ==, dbuf);
266             *ddp = dd;
267             return (0);
268
269 errout:
270     if (dd->dd_parent)
271         dsl_dir_rele(dd->dd_parent, dd);
272     dsl_prop_fini(dd);
273     mutex_destroy(&dd->dd_lock);
274     kmem_free(dd, sizeof (dsl_dir_t));
275     dmu_buf_rele(dbuf, tag);
276
277 }
```

\_\_\_\_\_ unchanged\_portion\_omitted \_\_\_\_\_

```
*****
52327 Wed Apr 6 14:26:57 2016
new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/sa.c
patch first-pass
*****
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
1360 int
1361 sa_handle_get_from_db(objset_t *os, dmu_buf_t *db, void *userp,
1362     sa_handle_type_t hdl_type, sa_handle_t **handlepp)
1363 {
1364     int error = 0;
1365     dmu_object_info_t doi;
1366     sa_handle_t *handle = NULL;
1368 #ifdef ZFS_DEBUG
1369     dmu_object_info_from_db(db, &doi);
1370     ASSERT(doi.doi_bonus_type == DMU_OT_SA ||
1371         doi.doi_bonus_type == DMU_OT_ZNODE);
1372 #endif
1373     /* find handle, if it exists */
1374     /* if one doesn't exist then create a new one, and initialize it */
1376     if (hdl_type == SA_HDL_SHARED)
1377         handle = dmu_buf_get_user(db);
1379     if (handle == NULL) {
1380         sa_handle_t *winner;
1382         handle = kmem_cache_alloc(sa_cache, KM_SLEEP);
1383         handle->sa_dbu.dbu_evict_func_prep = NULL;
1384 #endif /* ! codereview */
1385         handle->sa_dbu.dbu_evict_func = NULL;
1386         handle->sa_userp = userp;
1387         handle->sa_bonus = db;
1388         handle->sa_os = os;
1389         handle->sa_spill = NULL;
1390         handle->sa_bonus_tab = NULL;
1391         handle->sa_spill_tab = NULL;
1393         error = sa_build_index(handle, SA_BONUS);
1395         if (hdl_type == SA_HDL_SHARED) {
1396             dmu_buf_init_user(&handle->sa_dbu, NULL, sa_evict,
1397                 NULL);
1398             dmu_buf_init_user(&handle->sa_dbu, sa_evict, NULL);
1399             winner = dmu_buf_set_user_ie(db, &handle->sa_dbu);
1401         }
1402         if (winner != NULL) {
1403             kmem_cache_free(sa_cache, handle);
1404             handle = winner;
1405         }
1406     *handlepp = handle;
1408     return (error);
1409 }
```

\_\_\_\_\_unchanged\_portion\_omitted\_\_\_\_\_

```
new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/sys/dmu.h
```

```
*****  
34120 Wed Apr 6 14:26:57 2016  
new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/sys/dmu.h  
patch first-pass  
*****  
_____ unchanged_portion_omitted _____  
  
297 /*  
298 * The names of zap entries in the DIRECTORY_OBJECT of the MOS.  
299 */  
300 #define DMU_POOL_DIRECTORY_OBJECT 1  
301 #define DMU_POOL_CONFIG "config"  
302 #define DMU_POOL_FEATURES_FOR_WRITE "features_for_write"  
303 #define DMU_POOL_FEATURES_FOR_READ "features_for_read"  
304 #define DMU_POOL_FEATURE_DESCRIPTIONS "feature_descriptions"  
305 #define DMU_POOL_FEATURE_ENABLED_TXG "feature_enabled_txg"  
306 #define DMU_POOL_ROOT_DATASET "root_dataset"  
307 #define DMU_POOL_SYNC_BPOBJ "sync_bpobj"  
308 #define DMU_POOL_ERRLOG_SCRUB "errlog_scrub"  
309 #define DMU_POOL_ERRLOG_LAST "errlog_last"  
310 #define DMU_POOL_SPARES "spares"  
311 #define DMU_POOL_DEFLATE "deflate"  
312 #define DMU_POOL_HISTORY "history"  
313 #define DMU_POOL_PROPS "pool_props"  
314 #define DMU_POOL_L2CACHE "l2cache"  
315 #define DMU_POOL_TMP_USERREFS "tmp_userrefs"  
316 #define DMU_POOL_DDT "DDT-%s-%s-%s"  
317 #define DMU_POOL_DDT_STATS "DDT-statistics"  
318 #define DMU_POOL_CREATION_VERSION "creation_version"  
319 #define DMU_POOL_SCAN "scan"  
320 #define DMU_POOL_FREE_BPOBJ "free_bpobj"  
321 #define DMU_POOL_BTREE_OBJ "bptree_obj"  
322 #define DMU_POOL_EMPTY_BPOBJ "empty_bpobj"  
323 #define DMU_POOL_CHECKSUM_SALT "org.illumos:checksum_salt"  
  
325 /*  
326 * Allocate an object from this objset. The range of object numbers  
327 * available is (0, DN_MAX_OBJECT). Object 0 is the meta-dnode.  
328 *  
329 * The transaction must be assigned to a txg. The newly allocated  
330 * object will be "held" in the transaction (ie. you can modify the  
331 * newly allocated object in this transaction).  
332 *  
333 * dmu_object_alloc() chooses an object and returns it in *objectp.  
334 *  
335 * dmu_object_claim() allocates a specific object number. If that  
336 * number is already allocated, it fails and returns EEXIST.  
337 *  
338 * Return 0 on success, or ENOSPC or EEXIST as specified above.  
339 */  
340 uint64_t dmu_object_alloc(objset_t *os, dmu_object_type_t ot,  
341     int blocksize, dmu_object_type_t bonus_type, int bonus_len, dmu_tx_t *tx);  
342 int dmu_object_claim(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, dmu_object_type_t ot,  
343     int blocksize, dmu_object_type_t bonus_type, int bonus_len, dmu_tx_t *tx);  
344 int dmu_object_reclaim(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, dmu_object_type_t ot,  
345     int blocksize, dmu_object_type_t bonus_type, int bonus_len, dmu_tx_t *tx);  
  
347 /*  
348 * Free an object from this objset.  
349 *  
350 * The object's data will be freed as well (ie. you don't need to call  
351 * dmu_free(object, 0, -1, tx)).  
352 *  
353 * The object need not be held in the transaction.  
354 *  
355 * If there are any holds on this object's buffers (via dmu_buf_hold()),
```

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```

```
new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/sys/dmu.h  
*****  
356 * or tx holds on the object (via dmu_tx_hold_object()), you can not  
357 * free it; it fails and returns EBUSY.  
358 *  
359 * If the object is not allocated, it fails and returns ENOENT.  
360 *  
361 * Return 0 on success, or EBUSY or ENOENT as specified above.  
362 */  
363 int dmu_object_free(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, dmu_tx_t *tx);  
  
365 /*  
366 * Find the next allocated or free object.  
367 *  
368 * The objectp parameter is in-out. It will be updated to be the next  
369 * object which is allocated. Ignore objects which have not been  
370 * modified since txg.  
371 *  
372 * XXX Can only be called on a objset with no dirty data.  
373 *  
374 * Returns 0 on success, or ENOENT if there are no more objects.  
375 */  
376 int dmu_object_next(objset_t *os, uint64_t *objectp,  
377     boolean_t hole, uint64_t txg);  
  
379 /*  
380 * Set the data blocksize for an object.  
381 *  
382 * The object cannot have any blocks allocated beyond the first. If  
383 * the first block is allocated already, the new size must be greater  
384 * than the current block size. If these conditions are not met,  
385 * ENOTSUP will be returned.  
386 *  
387 * Returns 0 on success, or EBUSY if there are any holds on the object  
388 * contents, or ENOTSUP as described above.  
389 */  
390 int dmu_object_set_blocksize(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, uint64_t size,  
391     int ibs, dmu_tx_t *tx);  
  
393 /*  
394 * Set the checksum property on a dnode. The new checksum algorithm will  
395 * apply to all newly written blocks; existing blocks will not be affected.  
396 */  
397 void dmu_object_set_checksum(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, uint8_t checksum,  
398     dmu_tx_t *tx);  
  
400 /*  
401 * Set the compress property on a dnode. The new compression algorithm will  
402 * apply to all newly written blocks; existing blocks will not be affected.  
403 */  
404 void dmu_object_set_compress(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, uint8_t compress,  
405     dmu_tx_t *tx);  
  
407 void  
408 dmu_write_embedded(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, uint64_t offset,  
409     void *data, uint8_t etype, uint8_t comp, int uncompressed_size,  
410     int compressed_size, int byteorder, dmu_tx_t *tx);  
  
412 /*  
413 * Decide how to write a block: checksum, compression, number of copies, etc.  
414 */  
415 #define WP_NOFILL 0x1  
416 #define WP_DMU_SYNC 0x2  
417 #define WP_SPILL 0x4  
  
419 void dmu_write_policy(objset_t *os, struct dnode *dn, int level, int wp,  
420     struct zio_prop *zp);  
421 /*
```

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422 * The bonus data is accessed more or less like a regular buffer.
423 * You must dmu_bonus_hold() to get the buffer, which will give you a
424 * dmu_buf_t with db_offset==1ULL, and db_size = the size of the bonus
425 * data. As with any normal buffer, you must call dmu_buf_read() to
426 * read db_data, dmu_buf_will_dirty() before modifying it, and the
427 * object must be held in an assigned transaction before calling
428 * dmu_buf_will_dirty. You may use dmu_buf_set_user() on the bonus
429 * buffer as well. You must release your hold with dmu_buf_rele().
430 *
431 * Returns ENOENT, EIO, or 0.
432 */
433 int dmu_bonus_hold(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, void *tag, dmu_buf_t **);
434 int dmu_bonus_max(void);
435 int dmu_set_bonus(dmu_buf_t *, int, dmu_tx_t *);
436 int dmu_set_bonustype(dmu_buf_t *, dmu_object_type_t, dmu_tx_t *);
437 dmu_object_type_t dmu_get_bonustype(dmu_buf_t *);
438 int dmu_rm_spill(objset_t *, uint64_t, dmu_tx_t *);

440 */
441 * Special spill buffer support used by "SA" framework
442 */

444 int dmu_spill_hold_by_bonus(dmu_buf_t *bonus, void *tag, dmu_buf_t **dbp);
445 int dmu_spill_hold_by_dnode(struct dnode *dn, uint32_t flags,
446     void *tag, dmu_buf_t **dbp);
447 int dmu_spill_hold_existing(dmu_buf_t *bonus, void *tag, dmu_buf_t **dbp);

449 */
450 * Obtain the DMU buffer from the specified object which contains the
451 * specified offset. dmu_buf_hold() puts a "hold" on the buffer, so
452 * that it will remain in memory. You must release the hold with
453 * dmu_buf_rele(). You mustn't access the dmu_buf_t after releasing your
454 * hold. You must have a hold on any dmu_buf_t* you pass to the DMU.
455 *
456 * You must call dmu_buf_read, dmu_buf_will_dirty, or dmu_buf_will_fill
457 * on the returned buffer before reading or writing the buffer's
458 * db_data. The comments for those routines describe what particular
459 * operations are valid after calling them.
460 *
461 * The object number must be a valid, allocated object number.
462 */
463 int dmu_buf_hold(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, uint64_t offset,
464     void *tag, dmu_buf_t **, int flags);

466 */
467 * Add a reference to a dmu buffer that has already been held via
468 * dmu_buf_hold() in the current context.
469 */
470 void dmu_buf_add_ref(dmu_buf_t *db, void* tag);

472 */
473 * Attempt to add a reference to a dmu buffer that is in an unknown state,
474 * using a pointer that may have been invalidated by eviction processing.
475 * The request will succeed if the passed in dbuf still represents the
476 * same os/object/blkid, is ineligible for eviction, and has at least
477 * one hold by a user other than the syncer.
478 */
479 boolean_t dmu_buf_try_add_ref(dmu_buf_t *, objset_t *os, uint64_t object,
480     uint64_t blkid, void *tag);

482 void dmu_buf_rele(dmu_buf_t *db, void *tag);
483 uint64_t dmu_buf_refcount(dmu_buf_t *db);

485 */
486 * dmu_buf_hold_array holds the DMU buffers which contain all bytes in a
487 * range of an object. A pointer to an array of dmu_buf_t*'s is

```

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488 * returned (in *dbpp).
489 *
490 * dmu_buf_rele_array releases the hold on an array of dmu_buf_t*'s, and
491 * frees the array. The hold on the array of buffers MUST be released
492 * with dmu_buf_rele_array. You can NOT release the hold on each buffer
493 * individually with dmu_buf_rele.
494 */
495 int dmu_buf_hold_array_by_bonus(dmu_buf_t *db, uint64_t offset,
496     uint64_t length, boolean_t read, void *tag,
497     int *numbufsp, dmu_buf_t ***dbpp);
498 void dmu_buf_rele_array(dmu_buf_t **, int numbufs, void *tag);

500 typedef void dmu_buf_evict_func_t(void *user_ptr);

502 /*
503 * A DMU buffer user object may be associated with a dbuf for the
504 * duration of its lifetime. This allows the user of a dbuf (client)
505 * to attach private data to a dbuf (e.g. in-core only data such as a
506 * dnode_children_t, zap_t, or zap_leaf_t) and be optionally notified
507 * when that dbuf has been evicted. Clients typically respond to the
508 * eviction notification by freeing their private data, thus ensuring
509 * the same lifetime for both dbuf and private data.
510 *
511 * The mapping from a dmu_buf_user_t to any client private data is the
512 * client's responsibility. All current consumers of the API with private
513 * data embed a dmu_buf_user_t as the first member of the structure for
514 * their private data. This allows conversions between the two types
515 * with a simple cast. Since the DMU buf user API never needs access
516 * to the private data, other strategies can be employed if necessary
517 * or convenient for the client (e.g. using container_of() to do the
518 * conversion for private data that cannot have the dmu_buf_user_t as
519 * its first member).
520 *
521 * Eviction callbacks are executed without the dbuf mutex held or any
522 * other type of mechanism to guarantee that the dbuf is still available.
523 * For this reason, users must assume the dbuf has already been freed
524 * and not reference the dbuf from the callback context.
525 *
526 * Users requesting "immediate eviction" are notified as soon as the dbuf
527 * is only referenced by dirty records (dirty == holds). Otherwise the
528 * notification occurs after eviction processing for the dbuf begins.
529 */
530 typedef struct dmu_buf_user {
531     /*
532     * Asynchronous user eviction callback state.
533     */
534     taskq_ent_t      dbu_tqent;

536     /*
537     * This instance's eviction function pointers.
538     *
539     * dbu_evict_func_prep is called synchronously while dbu_evict_func
540     * is executed asynchronously on a taskq.
541     */
542     dmu_buf_evict_func_t *dbu_evict_func_prep;
543     /* This instance's eviction function pointer. */
544     dmu_buf_evict_func_t *dbu_evict_func;
545 #ifdef ZFS_DEBUG
546     /*
547     * Pointer to user's dbuf pointer. NULL for clients that do
548     * not associate a dbuf with their user data.
549     *
550     * The dbuf pointer is cleared upon eviction so as to catch
551     * use-after-evict bugs in clients.
552     */
553     dmu_buf_t **dbu_clear_on_evict_dbufp;

```

```

553 #endif
554 } dmu_buf_user_t;

556 /*
557 * Initialize the given dmu_buf_user_t instance with the eviction function
558 * evict_func, to be called when the user is evicted.
559 *
560 * NOTE: This function should only be called once on a given dmu_buf_user_t.
561 * To allow enforcement of this, dbu must already be zeroed on entry.
562 */
563 #ifdef __lint
564 /* Very ugly, but it beats issuing suppression directives in many Makefiles. */
565 extern void
566 dmu_buf_init_user(dmu_buf_user_t *dbu, dmu_buf_evict_func_t *evict_func_prep,
567 dmu_buf_evict_func_t *evict_func, dmu_buf_t **clear_on_evict_dbufp);
568 dmu_buf_init_user(dmu_buf_user_t *dbu, dmu_buf_evict_func_t *evict_func,
569 dmu_buf_t **clear_on_evict_dbufp);
570 #else /* __lint */
571 inline void
572 dmu_buf_init_user(dmu_buf_user_t *dbu, dmu_buf_evict_func_t *evict_func_prep,
573 dmu_buf_evict_func_t *evict_func, dmu_buf_t **clear_on_evict_dbufp)
574 {
575     ASSERT(dbu->dbu_evict_func_prep == NULL);
576     ASSERT(dbu->dbu_evict_func == NULL);
577     ASSERT(evict_func != NULL);
578     dbu->dbu_evict_func_prep = evict_func_prep;
579 #endif /* ! codereview */
580     dbu->dbu_evict_func = evict_func;
581 #ifdef ZFS_DEBUG
582     dbu->dbu_clear_on_evict_dbufp = clear_on_evict_dbufp;
583 #endif
584 #endif /* __lint */

586 /*
587 * Attach user data to a dbuf and mark it for normal (when the dbuf's
588 * data is cleared or its reference count goes to zero) eviction processing.
589 *
590 * Returns NULL on success, or the existing user if another user currently
591 * owns the buffer.
592 */
593 void *dmu_buf_set_user(dmu_buf_t *db, dmu_buf_user_t *user);

595 /*
596 * Attach user data to a dbuf and mark it for immediate (its dirty and
597 * reference counts are equal) eviction processing.
598 *
599 * Returns NULL on success, or the existing user if another user currently
600 * owns the buffer.
601 */
602 void *dmu_buf_set_user_ie(dmu_buf_t *db, dmu_buf_user_t *user);

604 /*
605 * Replace the current user of a dbuf.
606 *
607 * If given the current user of a dbuf, replaces the dbuf's user with
608 * "new_user" and returns the user data pointer that was replaced.
609 * Otherwise returns the current, and unmodified, dbuf user pointer.
610 */
611 void *dmu_buf_replace_user(dmu_buf_t *db,
612 dmu_buf_user_t *old_user, dmu_buf_user_t *new_user);

614 */

```

```

615 * Remove the specified user data for a DMU buffer.
616 *
617 * Returns the user that was removed on success, or the current user if
618 * another user currently owns the buffer.
619 */
620 void *dmu_buf_remove_user(dmu_buf_t *db, dmu_buf_user_t *user);

622 /*
623 * Returns the user data (dmu_buf_user_t *) associated with this dbuf.
624 */
625 void *dmu_buf_get_user(dmu_buf_t *db);

627 /* Block until any in-progress dmu buf user evictions complete. */
628 void dmu_buf_user_evict_wait(void);

630 /*
631 * Returns the blkptr associated with this dbuf, or NULL if not set.
632 */
633 struct blkptr *dmu_buf_get_blkptr(dmu_buf_t *db);

635 /*
636 * Indicate that you are going to modify the buffer's data (db_data).
637 *
638 * The transaction (tx) must be assigned to a txg (ie. you've called
639 * dmu_tx_assign()). The buffer's object must be held in the tx
640 * (ie. you've called dmu_tx_hold_object(tx, db->db_object)).
641 */
642 void dmu_buf_will_dirty(dmu_buf_t *db, dmu_tx_t *tx);

644 /*
645 * Tells if the given dbuf is freeable.
646 */
647 boolean_t dmu_buf_freeable(dmu_buf_t *);

649 /*
650 * You must create a transaction, then hold the objects which you will
651 * (or might) modify as part of this transaction. Then you must assign
652 * the transaction to a transaction group. Once the transaction has
653 * been assigned, you can modify buffers which belong to held objects as
654 * part of this transaction. You can't modify buffers before the
655 * transaction has been assigned; you can't modify buffers which don't
656 * belong to objects which this transaction holds; you can't hold
657 * objects once the transaction has been assigned. You may hold an
658 * object which you are going to free (with dmu_object_free()), but you
659 * don't have to.
660 *
661 * You can abort the transaction before it has been assigned.
662 *
663 * Note that you may hold buffers (with dmu_buf_hold) at any time,
664 * regardless of transaction state.
665 */

667 #define DMU_NEW_OBJECT (-1ULL)
668 #define DMU_OBJECT_END (-1ULL)

670 dmu_tx_t *dmu_tx_create(objset_t *os);
671 void dmu_tx_hold_write(dmu_tx_t *tx, uint64_t object, uint64_t off, int len);
672 void dmu_tx_hold_free(dmu_tx_t *tx, uint64_t object, uint64_t off,
673 uint64_t len);
674 void dmu_tx_hold_zap(dmu_tx_t *tx, uint64_t object, int add, const char *name);
675 void dmu_tx_hold_bonus(dmu_tx_t *tx, uint64_t object);
676 void dmu_tx_hold_spill(dmu_tx_t *tx, uint64_t object);
677 void dmu_tx_hold_sa(dmu_tx_t *tx, struct sa_handle *hdl, boolean_t may_grow);
678 void dmu_tx_hold_sa_create(dmu_tx_t *tx, int total_size);
679 void dmu_tx_abort(dmu_tx_t *tx);
680 int dmu_tx_assign(dmu_tx_t *tx, enum txg_how txg_how);

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```

681 void dmu_tx_wait(dmu_tx_t *tx);
682 void dmu_tx_commit(dmu_tx_t *tx);
683 void dmu_tx_mark_netfree(dmu_tx_t *tx);

685 /*
686  * To register a commit callback, dmu_tx_callback_register() must be called.
687  *
688  * dcb_data is a pointer to caller private data that is passed on as a
689  * callback parameter. The caller is responsible for properly allocating and
690  * freeing it.
691  *
692  * When registering a callback, the transaction must be already created, but
693  * it cannot be committed or aborted. It can be assigned to a txg or not.
694  *
695  * The callback will be called after the transaction has been safely written
696  * to stable storage and will also be called if the dmu_tx is aborted.
697  * If there is any error which prevents the transaction from being committed to
698  * disk, the callback will be called with a value of error != 0.
699 */
700 typedef void dmu_tx_callback_func_t(void *dcb_data, int error);

702 void dmu_tx_callback_register(dmu_tx_t *tx, dmu_tx_callback_func_t *dcb_func,
703     void *dcb_data);

705 /*
706  * Free up the data blocks for a defined range of a file. If size is
707  * -1, the range from offset to end-of-file is freed.
708 */
709 int dmu_free_range(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, uint64_t offset,
710     uint64_t size, dmu_tx_t *tx);
711 int dmu_free_long_range(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, uint64_t offset,
712     uint64_t size);
713 int dmu_free_long_object(objset_t *os, uint64_t object);

715 /*
716  * Convenience functions.
717  *
718  * Canfail routines will return 0 on success, or an errno if there is a
719  * nonrecoverable I/O error.
720 */
721 #define DMU_READ_PREFETCH    0 /* prefetch */
722 #define DMU_READ_NO_PREFETCH  1 /* don't prefetch */
723 int dmu_read(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, uint64_t offset, uint64_t size,
724     void *buf, uint32_t flags);
725 void dmu_write(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, uint64_t offset, uint64_t size,
726     const void *buf, dmu_tx_t *tx);
727 void dmu_prealloc(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, uint64_t offset, uint64_t size,
728     dmu_tx_t *tx);
729 int dmu_read_uio(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, struct uio *uio, uint64_t size);
730 int dmu_read_uio_dbuf(dmu_buf_t *zdb, struct uio *uio, uint64_t size);
731 int dmu_write_uio(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, struct uio *uio, uint64_t size,
732     dmu_tx_t *tx);
733 int dmu_write_uio_dbuf(dmu_buf_t *zdb, struct uio *uio, uint64_t size,
734     dmu_tx_t *tx);
735 int dmu_write_pages(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, uint64_t offset,
736     uint64_t size, struct page *pp, dmu_tx_t *tx);
737 struct arc_buf *dmu_request_arcbuf(dmu_buf_t *handle, int size);
738 void dmu_return_arcbuf(struct arc_buf *buf);
739 void dmu_assign_arcbuf(dmu_buf_t *handle, uint64_t offset, struct arc_buf *buf,
740     dmu_tx_t *tx);
741 int dmu_xuio_init(struct xuio *uio, int niov);
742 void dmu_xuio_fini(struct xuio *uio);
743 int dmu_xuio_add(struct xuio *uio, struct arc_buf *abuf, offset_t off,
744     size_t n);
745 int dmu_xuio_cnt(struct xuio *uio);
746 struct arc_buf *dmu_xuio_arcbuf(struct xuio *uio, int i);

```

```

747 void dmu_xuio_clear(struct xuio *uio, int i);
748 void xuio_stat_wbuf_copied();
749 void xuio_stat_wbuf_nocopy();

751 extern boolean_t zfs_prefetch_disable;
752 extern int zfs_max_recordsize;

754 /*
755  * Asynchronously try to read in the data.
756  */
757 void dmu_prefetch(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, int64_t level, uint64_t offset,
758     uint64_t len, enum zio_priority pri);

759 typedef struct dmu_object_info {
760     /* All sizes are in bytes unless otherwise indicated. */
761     uint32_t doi_data_block_size;
762     uint32_t doi_metadata_block_size;
763     dmu_object_type_t doi_type;
764     dmu_object_type_t doi_bonus_type;
765     uint64_t doi_bonus_size;
766     uint8_t doi_indirection; /* 2 = dnode->indirect->data */
767     uint8_t doi_checksum;
768     uint8_t doi_compress;
769     uint8_t doi_nblkptr;
770     uint8_t doi_pad[4];
771     uint64_t doi_physical_blocks_512; /* data + metadata, 512b blks */
772     uint64_t doi_max_offset;
773     uint64_t doi_fill_count; /* number of non-empty blocks */
774 } dmu_object_info_t;

775 typedef void arc_byteswap_func_t(void *buf, size_t size);

776 typedef struct dmu_object_type_info {
777     dmu_object_byteswap_t ot_byteswap;
778     boolean_t ot_metadata;
779     char *ot_name;
780 } dmu_object_type_info_t;

781 typedef struct dmu_object_byteswap_info {
782     arc_byteswap_func_t *ob_func;
783     char *ob_name;
784 } dmu_object_byteswap_info_t;

785 extern const dmu_object_type_info_t dmu_ot[DMU_OT_NUMTYPES];
786 extern const dmu_object_byteswap_info_t dmu_ot_byteswap[DMU_BSWAP_NUMFUNCS];

787 /*
788  * Get information on a DMU object.
789  *
790  * Return 0 on success or ENOENT if object is not allocated.
791  *
792  * If doi is NULL, just indicates whether the object exists.
793 */
794 int dmu_object_info(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, dmu_object_info_t *doi);
795 /* Like dmu_object_info, but faster if you have a held dnode in hand. */
796 void dmu_object_info_from_dnode(struct dnode *dn, dmu_object_info_t *doi);
797 /* Like dmu_object_info, but faster if you have a held dbuf in hand. */
798 void dmu_object_info_from_db(dmu_buf_t *db, dmu_object_info_t *doi);
799 /*
800  * Like dmu_object_info_from_db, but faster still when you only care about
801  * the size. This is specifically optimized for zfs_getattr().
802  */
803 void dmu_object_size_from_db(dmu_buf_t *db, uint32_t *blksize,
804     u_longlong_t *nblk512);

805 typedef struct dmu_objset_stats {

```

```

813     uint64_t dds_num_clones; /* number of clones of this */
814     uint64_t dds_creation_txg;
815     uint64_t dds_guid;
816     dmu_objset_type_t dds_type;
817     uint8_t dds_is_snapshot;
818     uint8_t dds_inconsistent;
819     char dds_origin[MAXNAMELEN];
820 } dmu_objset_stats_t;

822 /*
823 * Get stats on a dataset.
824 */
825 void dmu_objset_fast_stat(objset_t *os, dmu_objset_stats_t *stat);

827 /*
828 * Add entries to the nvlist for all the objset's properties. See
829 * zfs_prop_table[] and zfs(1m) for details on the properties.
830 */
831 void dmu_objset_stats(objset_t *os, struct nvlist *nv);

833 /*
834 * Get the space usage statistics for statvfs().
835 *
836 * refdbytes is the amount of space "referenced" by this objset.
837 * availbytes is the amount of space available to this objset, taking
838 * into account quotas & reservations, assuming that no other objsets
839 * use the space first. These values correspond to the 'referenced' and
840 * 'available' properties, described in the zfs(1m) manpage.
841 *
842 * usedobjs and availobjs are the number of objects currently allocated,
843 * and available.
844 */
845 void dmu_objset_space(objset_t *os, uint64_t *refdbytesp, uint64_t *availbytesp,
846     uint64_t *usedobjsp, uint64_t *availobjsp);

848 /*
849 * The fsid_guid is a 56-bit ID that can change to avoid collisions.
850 * (Contrast with the ds_guid which is a 64-bit ID that will never
851 * change, so there is a small probability that it will collide.)
852 */
853 uint64_t dmu_objset_fsid_guid(objset_t *os);

855 /*
856 * Get the [cm]time for an objset's snapshot dir
857 */
858 timestruc_t dmu_objset_snap_cmtime(objset_t *os);

860 int dmu_objset_is_snapshot(objset_t *os);

862 extern struct spa *dmu_objset_spa(objset_t *os);
863 extern struct zilog *dmu_objset_zil(objset_t *os);
864 extern struct dsl_pool *dmu_objset_pool(objset_t *os);
865 extern struct dsl_dataset *dmu_objset_ds(objset_t *os);
866 extern void dmu_objset_name(objset_t *os, char *buf);
867 extern dmu_objset_type_t dmu_objset_type(objset_t *os);
868 extern uint64_t dmu_objset_id(objset_t *os);
869 extern zfs_sync_type_t dmu_objset_syncprop(objset_t *os);
870 extern zfs_logbias_op_t dmu_objset_logbias(objset_t *os);
871 extern int dmu_snapshot_list_next(objset_t *os, int namelen, char *name,
872     uint64_t *id, uint64_t *offp, boolean_t *case_conflict);
873 extern int dmu_snapshot_realname(objset_t *os, char *name, char *real,
874     int maxlen, boolean_t *conflict);
875 extern int dmu_dir_list_next(objset_t *os, int namelen, char *name,
876     uint64_t *idp, uint64_t *offp);

878 typedef int objset_used_cb_t(dmu_object_type_t bonustype,

```

```

879     void *bonus, uint64_t *userp, uint64_t *group);
880 extern void dmu_objset_register_type(dmu_objset_type_t ost,
881     objset_used_cb_t *cb);
882 extern void dmu_objset_set_user(objset_t *os, void *user_ptr);
883 extern void *dmu_objset_get_user(objset_t *os);

885 /*
886 * Return the txg number for the given assigned transaction.
887 */
888 uint64_t dmu_tx_get_txg(dmu_tx_t *tx);

890 /*
891 * Synchronous write.
892 * If a parent zio is provided this function initiates a write on the
893 * provided buffer as a child of the parent zio.
894 * In the absence of a parent zio, the write is completed synchronously.
895 * At write completion, blk is filled with the bp of the written block.
896 * Note that while the data covered by this function will be on stable
897 * storage when the write completes this new data does not become a
898 * permanent part of the file until the associated transaction commits.
899 */

901 /*
902 * {zfs,zvol,ztest}_get_done() args
903 */
904 typedef struct zgd {
905     struct zilog      *zgd_zilog;
906     struct blkptr    *zgd_bp;
907     dmu_buf_t        *zgd_db;
908     struct rl        *zgd_rl;
909     void             *zgd_private;
910 } zgd_t;

912 typedef void dmu_sync_cb_t(zgd_t *arg, int error);
913 int dmu_sync(struct zio *zio, uint64_t txg, dmu_sync_cb_t *done, zgd_t *zgd);

915 /*
916 * Find the next hole or data block in file starting at *off
917 * Return found offset in *off. Return ESRCH for end of file.
918 */
919 int dmu_offset_next(objset_t *os, uint64_t object, boolean_t hole,
920     uint64_t *off);

922 /*
923 * Check if a DMU object has any dirty blocks. If so, sync out
924 * all pending transaction groups. Otherwise, this function
925 * does not alter DMU state. This could be improved to only sync
926 * out the necessary transaction groups for this particular
927 * object.
928 */
929 int dmu_object_wait_synced(objset_t *os, uint64_t object);

931 /*
932 * Initial setup and final teardown.
933 */
934 extern void dmu_init(void);
935 extern void dmu_fini(void);

937 typedef void (*dmu_traverse_cb_t)(objset_t *os, void *arg, struct blkptr *bp,
938     uint64_t object, uint64_t offset, int len);
939 void dmu_traverse_objset(objset_t *os, uint64_t txg_start,
940     dmu_traverse_cb_t cb, void *arg);

942 int dmu_diff(const char *tosnap_name, const char *fromsnap_name,
943     struct vnode *vp, offset_t *offp);

```

```
945 /* CRC64 table */
946 #define ZFS_CRC64_POLY 0xC96C5795D7870F42ULL /* ECMA-182, reflected form */
947 extern uint64_t zfs_crc64_table[256];

949 extern int zfs_mdcomp_disable;

951 #ifdef __cplusplus
952 }
953 #endif

955 #endif /* _SYS_DMU_H */
```

new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/zap.c

\*\*\*\*\*

33565 Wed Apr 6 14:26:57 2016

new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/zap.c

patch first-pass

\*\*\*\*\*

\_\_\_\_\_ unchanged\_portion\_omitted \_\_\_\_\_

```
73 void
74 fzap_upgrade(zap_t *zap, dmu_tx_t *tx, zap_flags_t flags)
75 {
76     dmu_buf_t *db;
77     zap_leaf_t *l;
78     int i;
79     zap_phys_t *zp;
80
81     ASSERT(RW_WRITE_HELD(&zap->zap_rwlock));
82     zap->zap_ismicro = FALSE;
83
84     zap->zap_dbu.dbu_evict_func_prep = NULL;
85 #endif /* ! codereview */
86     zap->zap_dbu.dbu_evict_func = zap_evict;
87
88     mutex_init(&zap->zap_f.zap_num_entries_mtx, 0, 0, 0);
89     zap->zap_f.zap_block_shift = highbit64(zap->zap_dbuf->db_size) - 1;
90
91     zp = zap_f_phys(zap);
92     /*
93      * explicitly zero it since it might be coming from an
94      * initialized microzap
95     */
96     bzero(zap->zap_dbuf->db_data, zap->zap_dbuf->db_size);
97     zap->zap_block_type = ZBT_HEADER;
98     zp->zap_magic = ZAP_MAGIC;
99
100    zp->zap_ptrtbl.zt_shift = ZAP_EMBEDDED_PTRTBL_SHIFT(zap);
101
102    zp->zap_freeblk = 2; /* block 1 will be the first leaf */
103    zp->zap_num_leafs = 1;
104    zp->zap_num_entries = 0;
105    zp->zap_salt = zap->zap_salt;
106    zp->zap_normflags = zap->zap_normflags;
107    zp->zap_flags = flags;
108
109    /* block 1 will be the first leaf */
110    for (i = 0; i < (1<<zp->zap_ptrtbl.zt_shift); i++)
111        ZAP_EMBEDDED_PTRTBL_ENT(zap, i) = 1;
112
113    /*
114     * set up block 1 - the first leaf
115     */
116    VERIFY(0 == dmu_buf_hold(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object,
117                            1<<FZAP_BLOCK_SHIFT(zap), FTAG, &db, DMU_READ_NO_PREFETCH));
118    dmu_buf_will_dirty(db, tx);
119
120    l = kmem_zalloc(sizeof(zap_leaf_t), KM_SLEEP);
121    l->l_dbuf = db;
122
123    zap_leaf_init(l, zp->zap_normflags != 0);
124
125    kmem_free(l, sizeof(zap_leaf_t));
126    dmu_buf_rele(db, FTAG);
127 }
128
129 static int
130 zap_tryupgradedir(zap_t *zap, dmu_tx_t *tx)
131 {
```

1

new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/zap.c

```
132     if (RW_WRITE_HELD(&zap->zap_rwlock))
133         return (1);
134     if (rw_tryupgrade(&zap->zap_rwlock)) {
135         dmu_buf_will_dirty(zap->zap_dbuf, tx);
136         return (1);
137     }
138     return (0);
139 }
140
141 /*
142  * Generic routines for dealing with the pointer & cookie tables.
143 */
144
145 static int
146 zap_table_grow(zap_t *zap, zap_table_phys_t *tbl,
147                  void (*transfer_func)(const uint64_t *src, uint64_t *dst, int n),
148                  dmu_tx_t *tx)
149 {
150     uint64_t b, newblk;
151     dmu_buf_t *db_old, *db_new;
152     int err;
153     int bs = FZAP_BLOCK_SHIFT(zap);
154     int hepb = 1<<(bs-4);
155     /* hepb = half the number of entries in a block */
156
157     ASSERT(RW_WRITE_HELD(&zap->zap_rwlock));
158     ASSERT(tbl->zt_blk != 0);
159     ASSERT(tbl->zt_numblks > 0);
160
161     if (tbl->zt_nextblk != 0) {
162         newblk = tbl->zt_nextblk;
163     } else {
164         newblk = zap_allocate_blocks(zap, tbl->zt_numblks * 2);
165         tbl->zt_nextblk = newblk;
166         ASSERT0(tbl->zt_blkls_copied);
167         dmu_prefetch(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object, 0,
168                      tbl->zt_blk << bs, tbl->zt_numblks << bs,
169                      ZIO_PRIORITY_SYNC_READ);
170     }
171
172     /*
173      * Copy the ptrtbl from the old to new location.
174     */
175
176     b = tbl->zt_blkls_copied;
177     err = dmu_buf_hold(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object,
178                        (tbl->zt_blk + b) << bs, FTAG, &db_old, DMU_READ_NO_PREFETCH);
179     if (err)
180         return (err);
181
182     /* first half of entries in old[b] go to new[2*b+0] */
183     VERIFY(0 == dmu_buf_hold(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object,
184                             (newblk + 2*b+0) << bs, FTAG, &db_new, DMU_READ_NO_PREFETCH));
185     dmu_buf_will_dirty(db_new, tx);
186     transfer_func(db_old->db_data, db_new->db_data, hepb);
187     dmu_buf_rele(db_new, FTAG);
188
189     /* second half of entries in old[b] go to new[2*b+1] */
190     VERIFY(0 == dmu_buf_hold(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object,
191                             (newblk + 2*b+1) << bs, FTAG, &db_new, DMU_READ_NO_PREFETCH));
192     dmu_buf_will_dirty(db_new, tx);
193     transfer_func((uint64_t *)db_old->db_data + hepb,
194                   db_new->db_data, hepb);
195     dmu_buf_rele(db_new, FTAG);
196
197     dmu_buf_rele(db_old, FTAG);
```

2

```

199     tbl->zts_copied++;
200
201     dprintf("copied block %llu of %llu\n",
202             tbl->zts_copied, tbl->zts_numblks);
203
204     if (tbl->zts_copied == tbl->zts_numblks) {
205         (void) dmufree_range(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object,
206                               tbl->zts_blk <> bs, tbl->zts_numblks <> bs, tx);
207
208         tbl->zts_blk = newblk;
209         tbl->zts_numblks *= 2;
210         tbl->zts_shift++;
211         tbl->zts_nextblk = 0;
212         tbl->zts_copied = 0;
213
214         dprintf("finished; numblocks now %llu (%lluk entries)\n",
215                 tbl->zts_numblks, 1<<(tbl->zts_shift-10));
216     }
217
218     return (0);
219 }
220
221 static int
222 zap_table_store(zap_t *zap, zap_table_phys_t *tbl, uint64_t idx, uint64_t val,
223                  dmu_tx_t *tx)
224 {
225     int err;
226     uint64_t blk, off;
227     int bs = FZAP_BLOCK_SHIFT(zap);
228     dmu_buf_t *db;
229
230     ASSERT(RW_LOCK_HELD(&zap->zap_rwlock));
231     ASSERT(tbl->zts_blk != 0);
232
233     dprintf("storing %llx at index %llx\n", val, idx);
234
235     blk = idx >> (bs-3);
236     off = idx & ((1<<(bs-3))-1);
237
238     err = dmufbuf_hold(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object,
239                         (tbl->zts_blk + blk) <> bs, FTAG, &db, DMU_READ_NO_PREFETCH);
240     if (err)
241         return (err);
242     dmufbuf_will_dirty(db, tx);
243
244     if (tbl->zts_nextblk != 0) {
245         uint64_t idx2 = idx * 2;
246         uint64_t blk2 = idx2 >> (bs-3);
247         uint64_t off2 = idx2 & ((1<<(bs-3))-1);
248         dmu_buf_t *db2;
249
250         err = dmufbuf_hold(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object,
251                             (tbl->zts_nextblk + blk2) <> bs, FTAG, &db2,
252                             DMU_READ_NO_PREFETCH);
253         if (err) {
254             dmufbuf_rele(db, FTAG);
255             return (err);
256         }
257         dmufbuf_will_dirty(db2, tx);
258         ((uint64_t *)db2->db_data)[off2] = val;
259         ((uint64_t *)db2->db_data)[off2+1] = val;
260         dmufbuf_rele(db2, FTAG);
261     }
262
263     ((uint64_t *)db->db_data)[off] = val;

```

```

264     dmufbuf_rele(db, FTAG);
265
266     return (0);
267 }
268
269 static int
270 zap_table_load(zap_t *zap, zap_table_phys_t *tbl, uint64_t idx, uint64_t *valp)
271 {
272     uint64_t blk, off;
273     int err;
274     dmu_buf_t *db;
275     int bs = FZAP_BLOCK_SHIFT(zap);
276
277     ASSERT(RW_LOCK_HELD(&zap->zap_rwlock));
278
279     blk = idx >> (bs-3);
280     off = idx & ((1<<(bs-3))-1);
281
282     err = dmufbuf_hold(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object,
283                         (tbl->zts_blk + blk) <> bs, FTAG, &db, DMU_READ_NO_PREFETCH);
284     if (err)
285         return (err);
286     *valp = ((uint64_t *)db->db_data)[off];
287     dmufbuf_rele(db, FTAG);
288
289     if (tbl->zts_nextblk != 0) {
290         /*
291          * read the nextblk for the sake of i/o error checking,
292          * so that zap_table_load() will catch errors for
293          * zap_table_store.
294          */
295     blk = (idx*2) >> (bs-3);
296
297     err = dmufbuf_hold(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object,
298                         (tbl->zts_nextblk + blk) <> bs, FTAG, &db,
299                         DMU_READ_NO_PREFETCH);
300     if (err == 0)
301         dmufbuf_rele(db, FTAG);
302     }
303     return (err);
304 }
305
306 /*
307  * Routines for growing the ptrtbl.
308 */
309
310 static void
311 zap_ptrtbl_transfer(const uint64_t *src, uint64_t *dst, int n)
312 {
313     int i;
314     for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
315         uint64_t lb = src[i];
316         dst[2*i+0] = lb;
317         dst[2*i+1] = lb;
318     }
319 }
320
321 static int
322 zap_grow_ptrtbl(zap_t *zap, dmu_tx_t *tx)
323 {
324     /*
325      * The pointer table should never use more hash bits than we
326      * have (otherwise we'd be using useless zero bits to index it).
327      * If we are within 2 bits of running out, stop growing, since
328      * this is already an aberrant condition.
329     */

```

```

330     if (zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_ptrtbl.zt_shift >= zap_hashbits(zap) - 2)
331         return (SET_ERROR(ENOSPC));
332
333     if (zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_ptrtbl.zt_numblk == 0) {
334         /*
335          * We are outgrowing the "embedded" ptrtbl (the one
336          * stored in the header block). Give it its own entire
337          * block, which will double the size of the ptrtbl.
338          */
339     uint64_t newblk;
340     dmu_buf_t *db_new;
341     int err;
342
343     ASSERT3U(zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_ptrtbl.zt_shift, ==,
344              ZAP_EMBEDDED_PTRTBL_SHIFT(zap));
345     ASSERT0(zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_ptrtbl.zt_blk);
346
347     newblk = zap_allocate_blocks(zap, 1);
348     err = dmu_buf_hold(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object,
349                        newblk << FZAP_BLOCK_SHIFT(zap), FTAG, &db_new,
350                        DMU_READ_NO_PREFETCH);
351     if (err)
352         return (err);
353     dmu_buf_will_dirty(db_new, tx);
354     zap_ptrtbl_transfer(&ZAP_EMBEDDED_PTRTBL_ENT(zap, 0),
355                         db_new->db_data, 1 << ZAP_EMBEDDED_PTRTBL_SHIFT(zap));
356     dmu_buf_rele(db_new, FTAG);
357
358     zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_ptrtbl.zt_blk = newblk;
359     zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_ptrtbl.zt_numblk = 1;
360     zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_ptrtbl.zt_shift++;
361
362     ASSERT3U(1ULL << zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_ptrtbl.zt_shift, ==
363              zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_ptrtbl.zt_numblk <<
364              (FZAP_BLOCK_SHIFT(zap)-3));
365
366     return (0);
367 } else {
368     return (zap_table_grow(zap, &zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_ptrtbl,
369                           zap_ptrtbl_transfer, tx));
370 }
371 }

372 static void
373 zap_increment_num_entries(zap_t *zap, int delta, dmu_tx_t *tx)
374 {
375     dmu_buf_will_dirty(zap->zap_dbuf, tx);
376     mutex_enter(&zap_f.zap_num_entries_mtx);
377     ASSERT(delta > 0 || zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_num_entries >= -delta);
378     zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_num_entries += delta;
379     mutex_exit(&zap_f.zap_num_entries_mtx);
380 }
381 }

382 static uint64_t
383 zap_allocate_blocks(zap_t *zap, int nblocks)
384 {
385     uint64_t newblk;
386     ASSERT(RW_WRITE_HELD(&zap->zap_rwlock));
387     newblk = zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_freeblk;
388     zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_freeblk += nblocks;
389     return (newblk);
390 }
391 }

392 static void
393 zap_leaf_pageout(void *dbuf)
394 {

```

```

396     zap_leaf_t *l = dbu;
397
398     rw_destroy(&l->l_rwlock);
399     kmem_free(l, sizeof (zap_leaf_t));
400 }
401
402 static zap_leaf_t *
403 zap_create_leaf(zap_t *zap, dmu_tx_t *tx)
404 {
405     void *winner;
406     zap_leaf_t *l = kmem_zalloc(sizeof (zap_leaf_t), KM_SLEEP);
407
408     ASSERT(RW_WRITE_HELD(&zap->zap_rwlock));
409
410     rw_init(&l->l_rwlock, 0, 0, 0);
411     rw_enter(&l->l_rwlock, RW_WRITER);
412     l->l_blkid = zap_allocate_blocks(zap, 1);
413     l->l_dbuf = NULL;
414
415     VERIFY(0 == dmu_buf_hold(zap->zap_objset, zap->zap_object,
416                             l->l_blkid << FZAP_BLOCK_SHIFT(zap), NULL, &l->l_dbuf,
417                             DMU_READ_NO_PREFETCH));
418     dmu_buf_init_user(&l->l_dbu, NULL, zap_leaf_pageout, &l->l_dbuf);
419     dmu_buf_init_user(&l->l_dbu, zap_leaf_pageout, &l->l_dbuf);
420     winner = dmu_buf_set_user(l->l_dbuf, &l->l_dbu);
421     ASSERT(winner == NULL);
422     dmu_buf_will_dirty(l->l_dbuf, tx);
423
424     zap_leaf_init(l, zap->zap_normflags != 0);
425
426     zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_num_leafs++;
427
428 }
429
430 unchanged_portion_omitted_
431
432 static zap_leaf_t *
433 zap_open_leaf(uint64_t blkid, dmu_buf_t *db)
434 {
435     zap_leaf_t *l, *winner;
436
437     ASSERT(blkid != 0);
438
439     l = kmem_zalloc(sizeof (zap_leaf_t), KM_SLEEP);
440     rw_init(&l->l_rwlock, 0, 0, 0);
441     rw_enter(&l->l_rwlock, RW_WRITER);
442     l->l_blkid = blkid;
443     l->l_bs = highbit64(db->db_size) - 1;
444     l->l_dbuf = db;
445
446     dmu_buf_init_user(&l->l_dbu, NULL, zap_leaf_pageout, &l->l_dbuf);
447     dmu_buf_init_user(&l->l_dbu, zap_leaf_pageout, &l->l_dbuf);
448     winner = dmu_buf_set_user(db, &l->l_dbu);
449
450     rw_exit(&l->l_rwlock);
451     if (winner != NULL) {
452         /* someone else set it first */
453         zap_leaf_pageout(&l->l_dbu);
454         l = winner;
455     }
456
457     /*
458      * lhr_pad was previously used for the next leaf in the leaf
459      * chain. There should be no chained leafs (as we have removed
460      * support for them).
461     */

```

```
480     ASSERT0(zap_leaf_phys(l)->l_hdr.lh_pad1);  
482     /*  
483      * There should be more hash entries than there can be  
484      * chunks to put in the hash table  
485      */  
486     ASSERT3U(ZAP_LEAF_HASH_NUMENTRIES(l), >, ZAP_LEAF_NUMCHUNKS(l) / 3);  
488     /* The chunks should begin at the end of the hash table */  
489     ASSERT3P(&ZAP_LEAF_CHUNK(l, 0), ==,  
490              &zap_leaf_phys(l)->l_hash[ZAP_LEAF_HASH_NUMENTRIES(l)]);  
492     /* The chunks should end at the end of the block */  
493     ASSERT3U((uintptr_t)&ZAP_LEAF_CHUNK(l, ZAP_LEAF_NUMCHUNKS(l)) -  
494              (uintptr_t)zap_leaf_phys(l), ==, l->l_dbuf->db_size);  
496 }  
497 }  
unchanged portion omitted
```

new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/zap\_micro.c

```
*****
34364 Wed Apr  6 14:26:57 2016
new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/zap_micro.c
patch first-pass
*****
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
364 static zap_t *
365 mzap_open(objset_t *os, uint64_t obj, dmu_buf_t *db)
366 {
367     zap_t *winner;
368     zap_t *zap;
369     int i;
371     ASSERT3U(MZAP_ENT_LEN, ==, sizeof (mzap_ent_phys_t));
373     zap = kmalloc(sizeof (zap_t), KM_SLEEP);
374     rw_init(&zap->zap_rwlock, 0, 0, 0);
375     rw_enter(&zap->zap_rwlock, RW_WRIITER);
376     zap->zap_objset = os;
377     zap->zap_object = obj;
378     zap->zap_dbuf = db;
380     if (*((uint64_t *)db->db_data != ZBT_MICRO) {
381         mutex_init(&zap->zap_f.zap_num_entries_mtx, 0, 0, 0);
382         zap->zap_f.zap_block_shift = highbit64(db->db_size) - 1;
383     } else {
384         zap->zap_ismicro = TRUE;
385     }
387     /*
388      * Make sure that zap_ismicro is set before we let others see
389      * it, because zap_lockdir() checks zap_ismicro without the lock
390      * held.
391     */
392     dmu_buf_init_user(&zap->zap_dbu, NULL, zap_evict, &zap->zap_dbuf);
393     dmu_buf_init_user(&zap->zap_dbu, zap_evict, &zap->zap_dbuf);
394     winner = dmu_buf_set_user(db, &zap->zap_dbu);
395     if (winner != NULL) {
396         rw_exit(&zap->zap_rwlock);
397         rw_destroy(&zap->zap_rwlock);
398         if (!zap->zap_ismicro)
399             mutex_destroy(&zap->zap_f.zap_num_entries_mtx);
400         kmem_free(zap, sizeof (zap_t));
401         return (winner);
402     }
404     if (zap->zap_ismicro) {
405         zap->zap_salt = zap_m_phys(zap)->mz_salt;
406         zap->zap_normflags = zap_m_phys(zap)->mz_normflags;
407         zap->zap_m.zap_num_chunks = db->db_size / MZAP_ENT_LEN - 1;
408         avi_create(&zap->zap_m.zap_avl, mze_compare,
409                     sizeof (mzap_ent_t), offsetof(mzap_ent_t, mze_node));
411         for (i = 0; i < zap->zap_m.zap_num_chunks; i++) {
412             mzap_ent_phys_t *mze =
413                 &zap_m_phys(zap)->mz_chunk[i];
414             if (mze->mze_name[0]) {
415                 zap_name_t *zn;
417                 zap->zap_m.zap_num_entries++;
418                 zn = zap_name_alloc(zap, mze->mze_name,
419                                     MT_EXACT);
420                 mze_insert(zap, i, zn->zn_hash);
421                 zap_name_free(zn);
422             }
423         }
424     } else {
425         zap->zap_salt = zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_salt;
426         zap->zap_normflags = zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_normflags;
427         ASSERT3U(sizeof (struct zap_leaf_header), ==,
428                  2*ZAP_LEAF_CHUNKSIZE);
429     }
431     /*
432      * The embedded pointer table should not overlap the
433      * other members.
434     */
435     ASSERT3P(&ZAP_EMBEDDED_PTRTBL_ENT(zap, 0), >,
436              &zap_f_phys(zap)->zap_salt);
438     /*
439      * The embedded pointer table should end at the end of
440      * the block
441     */
442     ASSERT3U((uintptr_t)&ZAP_EMBEDDED_PTRTBL_ENT(zap,
443           1<<ZAP_EMBEDDED_PTRTBL_SHIFT(zap)) -
444           (uintptr_t)zap_f_phys(zap), ==,
445           zap->zap_dbuf->db_size);
446 }
447 rw_exit(&zap->zap_rwlock);
448 return (zap);
449 }
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____

```

1

new/usr/src/uts/common/fs/zfs/zap\_micro.c

```
422 }
423 }
424 }
425 }
426 }
427 }
428 }
429 }
430 }
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433 }
434 }
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2